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Seeds Of Third World War Sown In China?

Nanking Charges Russia With Violation Of Treaty

NANKING, June 25 (IPA).—Dr. Sun Fo, Chinese Vice-President, is reported to be stating that North-East China would be the cause of the Third World War unless foreign aid was immediately forthcoming. Communists backed by Russia were now controlling 85 per cent of the North-Eastern Provinces.

The doctor laid the blame on the Soviet Union for the Outer Mongolian Invasion of Sinkiang, for barring the entry of Chinese forces to Dairen and Port Arthur, for admitting Communists into Manchuria, for assisting Koreans to fight alongside the Communists and for civil war in China.

In his opinion hope of peaceful settlement of the Communist problem was now gone and this was due to violation by Russia of the Sino-Soviet Treaty.

THE DAIREN MISSION

The Chinese Government announced today that a recent Chinese Mission of inspection to Dairen and Port Arthur having been a failure because of Soviet non-co-operation, it served notice that the Chinese Government considered itself free at any time to exercise a right to send troops to the two ports, says "Reuter".

The announcement said that Soviet Russia had repeatedly refused China permission to station troops in Port Arthur and Dairen and that the Chinese Government, therefore, was "constrained to call her serious attention to her fundamental obligations" under the Chinese-Russian Treaty.

CHINA FREE TO ACT

"At the same time," the announcement added, "The Chinese Government wishes hereby to declare that since the right of China to despatch troops and police to Port Arthur and Dairen is not restricted by the provisions of the Treaty, the Chinese Government is free at any time to decide on the exercise of this right."

The Chinese Government Inspection Mission which arrived in Port Arthur on June 3 and returned ten days later did not receive from the Soviet authorities the "promised assistance" in spite of assurances that this would be granted as well as "freedom of action in the discharge of its duties," the statement said.

"Lack of Soviet co-operation and obstruction by the so-called 'local administration' was one factor which made it impossible for the Mission to carry out its plan of inspection," the announcement said.

It showed again that "Chinese Administrative personnel cannot hope to perform their functions without the presence and protection of an adequate force of Chinese troops and police in Port Arthur and Dairen."

TWO REASONS

The 'communique' said that the failure of the Chinese Mission to carry out its purpose—to investigate conditions before taking over the administration of the ports from the Soviet authorities—was due to two factors.

These were, firstly, the refusal of the Soviet Government to agree to the stationing of Chinese troops in Port Arthur and Dairen and, secondly, the formation by the Chinese Communists of strongly armed forces in the vicinity of the two ports to hinder the 'take-over' of these regions by the Chinese Government.

The existence of such armed forces resulted from the first refusal in October 1945 by the Soviet Government to agree to the landing of Chinese troops in Dairen, the 'communique' said.

GRAVE CONSEQUENCES

The Director of the Chinese Government's Information Office told correspondents that Russian policy towards China had "created a situation which causes general uneasiness."

It was only natural, therefore, that Chinese Vice-President Dr. Sun Fo should "express fear of grave consequences", he added.

He was referring to a recent statement by Dr. Sun Fo that Russia was interfering in China's internal affairs, aiding Chinese Communists and fostering conditions which might cause a third world war.

Press reports reaching here said that the Vice-President's statement had found wide support among Government circles in Manchuria.

The Mukden City Council appealed to the Government to adopt a stronger attitude towards Russia.

ARMS FOR CHINESE "REDS"

SHANGHAI, June 25 (U. P. A.): A semi-official Chinese source charged that Russia turned over virtually all war materials seized from the Japanese Kwangtung Army to the Chinese Communists in Manchuria and, in some cases, dug into Russia's own resources to strengthen the Red forces.

The source claimed the total equipment given the Communists included 151 planes, 155 tanks, 186 armoured cars and 787 big guns of various calibres. The source said the largest shipments of arms were made by the Soviets between January and June 15 this year. He said the armaments made possible the Communists spring offensive during the first three months of the year and the fifth recent attack which has placed the Government in its current critical position in Manchuria.

The source said the deliveries were made in three instalments, starting with a small first consignment, from August 15, 1945, when the Japanese surrendered, to April 17, 1946, when the Soviet Army evacuated Manchuria.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.

NEW YORK, June 25.

Previous Closing	31.90
Today's Opening	31.85
Difference	—5
Today's Closing	32.09
Difference	+19

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, June 25.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining $33-3/4.
General Motors $57-1/8.
United States Steel Common $65-5/8.
United States Steel Preference $142-1/2.—(Reuter).

Vijayalakshmi For Moscow

NEW DELHI, June 25 (A.P.I.): His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve the appointment of the Hon'ble Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit as His Majesty's Ambassador for India in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, says a Press 'communique.'

Athens Looks To Paris

Tsaldaris Expresses 'Satisfaction' At U.N. Findings

ATHENS, June 25 (Reuter).—Monsieur Constantin Tsaldaris, the Greek Vice-Premier, today expressed "satisfaction" at the United Nations Balkans' Investigation's Report finding that Yugoslavia's Albania and Bulgaria supported guerilla warfare in Greece.

Government circles today said they pinned their hopes of any real improvement of Greece's internal situation on Friday's 'big three' meeting in Paris.

The work of the United Nations Sub-Commission in Salonika has been brought to a standstill by Bulgarian and Yugoslav obstructionist tactics, it was reported today.

Bulgaria has refused to allow the Sub-Commission to investigate on Bulgarian territory, while Yugoslavia, after two weeks talks has promised a reply next week.

PAKISTAN SECRETARIAT IN KARACHI

KARACHI, June 25, (A. P. I.): The construction of some of the offices of the new Pakistan Government commenced in Karachi today on a Government plot measuring about 1,60,000 square yards.

Under the plan two rows, each consisting of ten offices with a forty feet wide road between them will be constructed at a cost of Rs. 6 lakhs. Cement blocks and asbetos sheets have been requisitioned for the purpose. The work which is being carried on departmentally is expected to be completed by the middle of August.

The plot lies adjacent to the chief court. The last session of the All-India Muslim League was held here. It has been called "Haroonabad."

CONSEMBLY PRESIDENT'S RESIGNATION DENIED

NEW DELHI, June 25, (API): It is authoritatively learnt from the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly that there is no basis for the press report that Dr. Rajendra Prasad has resigned his office as President of the Constituent Assembly.

SYLHET REFERENDUM

SHILLONG, June 24, (API): "It has been decided that the referendum will be held throughout Sylhet District on July 6 and 7, and it must be distinctly understood that these dates will be adhered to, and cannot be altered for any reason whatever", said Mr. H. C. Stork, Referendum Commissioner for Sylhet, in a press communique.

UNO PATROL TO GUARD GREEK BORDER

Balkan Commission Accuses Yugoslavia, Albania And Bulgaria

LAKE SUCCESS, June 25 (UPA).—The United Nations Balkan Investigating Commission accused Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria of fomenting the guerilla fighting in Greece and advised the Security Council to use its limited peace-making machinery unless they stop.

With Russia and Poland dissenting on every point nine of the other members of the Commission urged:

Firstly, the formation of a semi-permanent United Nations border patrol to watch the troubled Greek border.

Secondly, a study aimed at the voluntary exchange of minority groups in the Balkans to ease the unrest.

Thirdly, internationalization of refugee camps harbouring citizens who fled from one Balkan country to another.

Fourthly, a new treaty between Greece and her three neighbours along the lines of the Greco-Bulgarian Convention of 1931.

CHARGES AGAINST GREECE

The majority report condemned Greece for showing discrimination towards minorities and for reprisals against political opposition. The report obliquely advised the Greek Government to grant a "new amnesty" to political prisoners and guerillas and added, "It would be idle to believe the situation in northern Greece could be cured by a stroke of the pen."

The long awaited recommendations were handed to the Council over Russia's warning that the majority was trying to tamper with the sovereignty of the four Balkan countries.

The Council begins a debate on the report Friday.

France refused to join the other eight countries of the majority in the series of findings, separate from the recommendations, that charged the Soviet orbit countrie with training and equipping refugees from Greece and sending them back to fight against the Government.

RUSSIA DEFENDS GREECE

The Russian delegate, supported by the Poles, said the Greek accusations were "unproved" and invetigation had shown that the Greek Government had pushed the nation "into a state of civil war by a policy of oppression and terrorism." He protested that most of the witnesses heard by the Commission were from "Fascist and criminal elements." He charged the Greek Government had used "threats of torture and blackmail" to make witnesses support the Greek case.

A THREAT TO PEACE

The recommendations originated by Britain and the United States and supported by France, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, China, Columbia and Syria, said: "In the light of the situation investigated by it the Commission believes that in the area of its investigation future cases of support of armed bands formed on the territory of one state and crossing into the territory of another state..... should be considered by the Security Council a threat to peace within the meaning of the Charter of the United Nations."

In threats to peace the Council is supposed to order international sanctions against the offending countries and, if these fail, to send a United Nations Police Force into the area to suppress the threat.

The report emphasized that Balkan relations were strained by the "refusal of most of the countries concerned to accept as final their frontiers as at present defined."

Scaling Down Egypt's Credit

Negotiations Over Sterling Issue Lead To Interim Agreement

LONDON, June 25, (APA): British and Egyptian negotiators have reached a provisional interim agreement over Egypt's nearly 400,000,000 pounds sterling balance, authoritative sources reported today.

The crucial question of whether Egypt would scale down her balance in face of a strong demand to do so has remained "temporarily unanswered", the sources added.

Egyptian resistance to scaling down her balance came against British insistence that this should take place, the informants reported.

Finally the situation was resolved by agreeing to sidetrack a decision on the issue. Accordingly, the sources said, the agreement at present being drafted would be "provisional and interim" pending a final settlement. They were unable to say when negotiations for a final settlement would take place.

JUTE FOR WHEAT BARTER COMPLETED

Australia To Ship Additional Supplies Immediately

CANBERRA, June 25, (Reuter). Mr. Reginald T. Pollard, Australian Minister of Commerce and Agriculture said today that Australia would complete arrangements with the Wheat Board through the International Food Council to supply two cargoes of wheat, totalling about 18,000 tons, to India "almost immediately."

In return Australia would get 100,000 tons of jute from India.

Commenting on his talks with Mr. K. L. Punjabi, Indian food delegate, Mr. Pollard said: "Mr. Punjabi's visit to secure additional wheat supplies for India has resulted in an arrangement satisfactory to both Australia and India."

"India offered a long term wheat agreement, but the Commonwealth could not accept it owing to the refusal of other States to ratify the Commonwealth's wheat stabilisation scheme," he added.

6 STABBING CASES IN CITY

Curfew Imposed In Affected Areas

BOMBAY, June 25, (A.P.I.): Six stabbing incidents have been reported today from Parel, Dadar (B.B. & C.I.) and Matunga (B.B. & C.I.) areas, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity Bombay Government.

35-HOUR CURFEW IN DADAR AREA

BOMBAY, June 25, (A.P.I.): A 35-hour curfew from 7 p.m. on Wednesday, June 25, to 6 a.m. on Fr.day, June 27, has been ordered by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, in a Dadar (B.B. & C.I.) area, following a knife attack there", says a Press Note issued at 10-30 tonight by the Director Publicity, Bombay.

The order applies to Ash Lane from its junction with Gokhale Road (North) to its junction with Ranade Road extension.

In all six stabbing incidents were reported on Wednesday.

37-Hour Curfew In Naigaum Area

BOMBAY, June 25, (A.P.I.): A 37 hour curfew starting from 5 p.m. today and ending at 6 a.m. on Friday, has been ordered by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, in the places and areas boundel by and inclusive of:—North: Morbaug Road; East: Scheme No. 60 Road No. 3. South: Govindji Khi Road; West Vincent Road.

Resistance To Isolation Move

Hyderabad State Congress Chief's Invitation To Nizam

NAGPUR, June 25, (UPI): Swami Ramanand Tirtha, President, Hyderabad State Congress who is now here in the course of a statement says: Nizam's claim to declare himself an independent Sovereign has been opposed by the people and they are determined to resist any attempt to keep Hyderabad out of the Indian Union. "The fundamental question is: who is to decide the future of Hyderabad? Is it the Prince or the people? The fate of 16 million people cannot be decided arbitrarily in this way. Independence of Hyderabad is a danger to India."

Referring to the threat held out by "Ittehad Ul Musalmin" to use arms Swami Ramanand says: "All that I have said at this stage is that Hyderabad people's movement cannot be crushed in this manner." He restates that the methods of the State Congress have been always peaceful and non-violent. "The Government and unsocial elements will try to provoke us but let us be firm and unperturbed and act with courage and confidence."

Swami Ramanand further announces that the Working Committee of the State Congress is meeting on June 29. No question of defiance need arise at this stage. It is for the Government of Hyderabad to follow a statesmanlike policy and give up the idea of isolating Hyderabad from the rest of India.

Iranian Prince Plays Truant

Escapes To Paris From U.S. School

PARIS, June 25, (UPA): The 15-year-old truant Prince of Iran, Hamid Riza Pahlevi, arrived by plane in his flight from a fashionable United States school. The youngster said flatly he would not return to the United States, but an Iranian Legation spokesman said equally firmly the Prince would return.

Explaining what probably is the world's first case of a trans-Atlantic airplane truancy, the Prince said: "Well, I just decided to take a vacation and left. I don't know how long I am remaining in Paris. In any event, I am not returning to New York, but returning to Iran."

At that point the Prince was hustled into a waiting automobile by Amir Asiani, First Secretary to the Irania Legation and sent off to the Legation for lunch.

STOP PRESS

DUTCH THREAT TO INDONESIA

BATAVIA, June 25, (APA): Military action by Holland is likely to be taken quickly if the talks in Jogjakarta for a settlement of the Netherlands-Republican problem break down and the Republicans refuse acceptance of the Dutch proposals for an Interim Government, an informed Dutch source said in Batavia today.

U. S. SUPPORTS MACARTHUR'S ACTION

WASHINGTON, June 25, (Reuter): Mr. George C. Marshal, The United States Secretary of State, today in effect rejected British and Australian memorandums protesting against authorisation by General Douglas MacArthur, Allied Commander in Japanese whaling trip to the Antarctic.

Conditions For Success In Palestine

Govt. Memorandum To U. N. O. Committee Stresses Need For Arab-Jew Understanding

JERUSALEM, June 25, (Reuter): The Palestine Government in a statement to the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine today declared that 'only through the free recognition by both Arabs and Jews of the position, needs and rights of the other community, and by the willingness of each to contribute materially and morally, can the well-being of the peeplo of Palestine as a whole be assured and a 'National Home' established."

"Courage, imagination and the will to compromise is required to achieve these ends which cannot be imposed but must be sought from the two peoples primarily concerned,' it added.

The statement, which represents the British Administration's case on the Palestine problem, outlined the 27-year old history of the Palestine Government and its "continual struggle" to unite Arabs and Jews for their mutual benefit.

It admitted the Government has been generally unsuccessful in inducing Arabs and Jews to co-operate in public works for the common end"

BASIC FEAR

The main reason for failing to secure co-operation on public bodies, it said, was the question of numerically equal representation. "The Jews generally maintain that the principle should be applied; the Arabs wholly reject it."

Behind the struggle that developed is "the basic fear of domination of one community by the other.

The statement noted Zionist achievements in Palestine and commented that they were "widely known and deservedly praised."

It outlined the administration's achievements in the fields of health, education, industry and agriculture in all of which state action had been required and improvements made.

KIDNAP ATTEMPT FOILED

JERUSALEM, June 25, (APA): Three Jews today attempted to kidnap a member of the Palestine Government Secretariat who is on the Liaison Staff for the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine but fled after the man's wife screamed and a police patrol arrived.

Unofficial reports said that Allen Major, employed in the Palestine Chief Secretariat's office and now assigned to Liaison work with U.N.S.C.O.P. was set upon and beaten by three Jews as he entered his office in King George avenue.

Mrs. Major called for help and as the police patrol arrived the three Jews fled to a red car and sped away.

Major is reported to have suffered head wounds, one eye-witness declaring that blood covered his neck and collar.

Governor To Take Over When League Quits

Bengal Partition Sequel: India Bill Early In July

LONDON, June 25 (U.P.A.): The British Government has agreed to the Muslim League nominees relinquishing their Interim Government posts and Bengal Province coming under section 93 with the termination of Bengal Muslim League Ministry.

The Interim Government's Muslim League members with others would be charged with the formation of the Pakistan Government prior to the British Parliament's August dominion status legislation, it was learned today.

DOMINION BILL PLANS

The British Government will present the Bill which is to create two separate Dominions in India, to Parliament on Monday, July 7, unless there is a last minute hitch, I learn authoritatively to-night, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

This date is subject to last-minute alteration, but on the assumption that plans go to schedule, it is probable that the Bill will receive second reading somewhere between the 14th and 31st July, and will not only be debated during that period but rushed also through report and Committee stages and third reading.

It should be in the hands of the House of Lords—who are expected to keep it for a day only—by the fourth week of the month, and, after receiving the Royal assent, become law before the end of July.

Latest indications are that the Bill will not exceed 20 to 24 Clauses.

Political quarters believe that the three sections of chief significance will be:

(1) That specifying the creation of the two dominions;—

(2) Possibly a Clause specifying the actual date of transfer of power, generally believed to be August 15; and

(3) A Clause ending the King's title as Emperor of India.

Consequential legislation taking care of all the details of transfer which could not, without delaying the changeover, be incorporated in the present short Bill, will be introduced, it is thought, in the new Parliamentary session between October and Christmas.

LORD ADDISON MAY VISIT INDIA

There is expectation in informed London political quarters to-night that Viscount Addison, Secretary of State for the Dominions, may be able to spend a few days in India on his way back by air from the Dominions Conference on the Japanese Peace Treaty in Canberra Australia, 1st August.

By that time Lord Addison, as Dominions secretary, will be the chief link between the Indian Union and Pakistan, to whom power will doubtless have been transferred, and Britain.

The India Office and the India Secretary of State as such will have ceased to exist.

The official plans are at the moment incomplete, but the proposal that he should endeavour to spend a short time in India has already been made to the Dominions Secretary. Informed quarters think that if the circumstances are appropriate and the time factor permits, Lord Addison will welcome the opportunity.

MOOKHERJEE DEMANDS SEC. 93 FOR BENGAL

CALCUTTA, June 25 (U.P.I.): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee has sent a telegram to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Dr. Rajendra Prasad demanding immediate promulgation of Section 93 in Bengal.

He says: "Insistent demand for immediate dissolution of Bengal Ministry. Its continuance after June 30 anomalous and improper. Ministry's activities highly prejudicial to interests of new province. Please insist Section 93 with regional advisers pending formation regional ministries."

More Foodgrains For Bombay

AHMEDABAD, June 25 (A.P.I.): In response to the appeal made by Mr. Khandubhai Desai, M.L.A., Secretary of the Textile Labour Association, the Government of India, it is understood, have increased the allotment of wheat, rice and jowari, for Bombay Province which would obviate any further cut in ration. Tur Dal has also been allotted to Bombay Province.

RUSSIA SUSPECTS MARSHALL PLAN FOR EUROPE

American Aid Offer Bound To Fail If Found Anti-Communist, Says 'Pravda'

LONDON, June 25 (U.P.A.): The Moscow newspaper, "Pravda", said the Marshall plan for aid to Europe would be rejected by all "self-respecting" European nations if it carried anti-Communist strings, but Britain indicated her readiness to go ahead without Russian participation.

The "Pravda" editorial broadcast by Radio Moscow said failure of the Marshall plan would be a foregone conclusion if the American aid offer was similar to the Greco-Turkish programme. It called the Marshall plan "too general" at this stage for the Russians to know whether it aimed at European settlement or an ideological war between capitalism and Communism.

BRITAIN READY TO GO AHEAD

A high British Government source said Britain was ready to go ahead with a unified programme without Russia, if necessary. He said the primary task of the Paris Conference was to determine how far Russia was ready to co-operate.

"Pravda" said that if the overall American aid plan resembled the Greek-Turkish programme in its anti-Communist aspects the assistance "would, in fact, represent interference in the domestic affairs of European countries and an infringement on their sovereignty. Such conditions are unacceptable to those European nations which cherish their dignity and self-respect."

The source said that meanwhile the British were encouraged by the developments in the preliminary negotiations to establish a unified European rehabilitation programme. The source said that Bevin would propose at Paris the establishment of an overall steering committee to formulate European needs with sub-committees on special economic fields. He said the British Cabinet felt that there was no time for an all-European Conference.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN TRADE AGREEMENT

Independently of these developments Britain and Russia were reported to be nearing the conclusion of a broad trade agreement whereby Britain would receive immediate grain and timber shipments in return for machinery, bulldozers and financial concessions on the 1941 credit to Russia.

LONDON TALKS CONTINUE

At London U. S. Under-Secretary of State William Clayton, Premier Attlee, Bevin, Hugh Dalton and Sir Stafford Cripps met at Number Ten Downing Street in another long conference on American-European economic relations. Clayton is expected to be in Paris when Bevin, Bidault and Molotov meet there on Friday.

CLAYTON BELIEVES BRITISH FEARS

Sources indicated that Clayton somewhat relieved British fears that Congress might refuse to finance the recovery programme even if the European nations were prepared to accept a unified plan. They added that there was considerable concern in Britain that the wave of labour trouble in the United States resulting from the new labour (Taft-Hartley Bill) law might impair America's ability to help. Regarding the forthcoming Paris talks the sources said Britain believes the United Nations European Economic Commission should be brought in at some stage but that it was "not yet sufficiently organised" to handle the whole task now.

PLAN CONDITIONED BY U. S. ECONOMY

The Soviet newspaper, "Pravda", said to-day in an article broadcast by Radio Moscow that Marshall's proposals are conditioned by present conditions of United States economy. The almost general opinion in the United States is that with every day the threat of an economic disaster is growing. The United States are trying to find a way out of the difficulties of a growing crisis by....finding new markets and strengthening their position in the old ones."

AMERICA PREPARES FOR WAR?

NEW YORK, June 25, (U.P.A.): America is preparing for another war which was coming faster than anyone thought and which would be fought on American soil, said Major-General Everett Hughes at the inspection of Atlanta Ordnance Depot. He warned guided missiles and aerial bombs would be used putting America in same position as Britain during the Second World War.

England Beat South Africa

LONDON, June 25 (Reuter): England beat South Africa in the second Cricket Test by ten wickets.

England second innings: 26 for zero (Hutton not out 13, Washbrook not out 13).

South Africa made a grand fight to avoid an innings defeat against England in the second Cricket Test at Lords to-day and at lunch they were 206 for 6 wickets in their second innings.

They scored 327 in their first innings and are still 21 runs behind England's first innings' total of 554 for 8 declared.

The wicket partnership which had yielded 92 in hundred minutes overnight was broken by the first ball today, Nourse being bowled by Edrich. Then Mitchell, who batted dourly and presented an impregnable defence, was helped by Dawson in the fourth wicket stand of 72 before Edrich dismissed Mitchell with a brilliant slip catch, turning somersault in the process.

Mitchell batted for four and quarter hours and hit seven fours.

South Africa actually lost three wickets in the space of nine runs. Mitchell and Dawson going at 192 and Harris at 201.

STERN RESISTANCE BY TAIL-END BATSMEN

South Africa's tail-end batsmen offered stern resistance after lunch but the side were all out for 252, leaving England to get 26 for victory.

Rowan defended stoutly for one hour forty minutes in scoring 38 and Lindsay stayed 40 minutes to help him add 16 for the ninth wicket.

Then Douglas Wright, Kent's spin bowler, coming on at 252, dismissed the last two batsmen with his first two balls.

Wright finished with five wickets for 80 runs, making his match total 10 for 175 runs.

HUTTON SCORES WINNING HIT

Hutton and Washbrook took half-an-hour to knock off the required 26 runs each scoring 13. They batted steadily but soon opened out and Hutton scored the winning hit when he crack-Mann to the boundary.

THE SCORE BOARD

ENGLAND (1st Innings)	554 (for 8 declared)
SOUTH AFRICA (1st Innings)	327
SOUTH AFRICA (2nd Innings)	
Melville b Edrich	8
Mitchell c Edrich b Wright	80
Viljeon b Edrich	6
Mourse b Edrich	58
Dawson c Edrich b Compton	33
Harris c Yardley b Compton	3
Rowan (not out)	38
Tuckett l.b.w. Wright	9
Mann b Wright	5
Lindsay c Yardley b Wright	5
Smith c Edrich b Wright	0
Extras (byes 3, leg-byes 4)	7
Total	252

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 16; 2 for 28; 3 for 120; 4 for 192; 5 for 192, 6 for 201; 7 for 224; 8 for 236; 9 for 252; 10 for 252.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Pope	17	7	36	0
Bedser	14	6	20	0
Wright	32.2	6	80	5
Edrich	13	5	31	3
Compton	31	10	46	2
Hollies	20	7	32	0

ENGLAND (2nd Innings)

Hutton (not out)	13
Washbrook (not out)	13
Total (for no loss))	26

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Tuckett	3	0	4	0
Dawson	6	2	6	0
Mann	3.1	1	16	0

England won the second Test against South Africa by 10 wickets.

BANGALORE RACE RESULTS

BANGALORE, June 23 (API).—Following are the results of Bangalore races (Extra Day):

First Race:

JUBILEE PLATE—6 furs.

MASHOOR (Subramaniam and Karuppan Chettiar) 7-8, Shanker .. 1
YOUNG KRUSH (Bangi) 7-13, Percival .. 2
ALAMEIN II (Haji Rashid Fadhus) 7-11, Fitzgerald 3
BURHAM SECOND (V. R. Sharma) 8-0, Thompson 4

Not Run: Seventh Wonder, Janab Patel.

Won by 2-1,2 lengths, one length.
Time: One min. 30 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 20 for win, Rs. 13 and Rs. 16 for places.
Winner trained by T. Hill.

Second Race:

AGRAM PLATE—1 Mile.

EL ALAMEIN (The Maharaja of Parlekemidi) 9-4 Duffy 1
FLEET WINGS (Raja of Ramnad) 7-1, Mars 2
LOVE LYRIC (Mrs. Reed) 8-12, Black 3
CHIRAG (S. N. Dossa) 8-5, Benjamin 4

Not Run: Brother, Scribe.

Won by neck, one length, one length.
Time: One min. 47 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 72 for win, Rs. 24.8 and Rs. 15 for places.
Winner trained by Balfour.

Third Race:

GOODBYE PLATE—1 Mile

PRINCE FAISAL (Mrs. Saleh) 9-2, Fitzgerald 1
FORSAKEN (Stephen) 8-2, Joneale 2
WAARAJA (Mrs. Hill and Subramanyam) 8-5, Shankar 3
KHALID AMER (Jalal and Dawood) 8-6 Mullsingh 4

Not Run: Kemal Pasha.

Won by half a length, half a length, and half a length.
Time: Two minutes.
Tote paid Rs. 111.8 for win, Rs. 328, Rs. 32 and Rs. 17 for places.

Fourth Race:

JAYA PLATE—6 Furs.

HUZUR (Yusuf and Imamdin) 8-8, Fakruddin 1
BALTOI (A. S. Jalal) 8-6 Mullsingh 2
Frankie (S. M. Shariff) 8-9 Marrs 3
BAJI RAO (G. Ramani) 8-10, Black 4

Not Run: Surety.

Won by a neck; short head; and half a length.
Time: One minute 21-1.5 seconds.
Tote Rs. 105.8 for win; Rs. 28.8, Rs 30.8 and Rs. 14.- for places.
Winner trained by Imam Din.

Fifth Race:

PHILANTHROPIST CUP (Div. I) 7 Furlongs.

ZANZAVAT (Hannain) 8-1, Duffy .. 1
Battle Song (Jasdanvalla) 9-0, Benjamin 2
JADUGA (Raja of Vizianagram) 9-3 Mitchell 3
PEACE (Mrs. Hill and Mrs. Stephens) 7-8, Shanker 4

All ran.

Won by a neck, one length and one length.
Time: one minute and 35-1.5 secs.
Tote paid Rs. 44.8 for win, Rs. 20, Rs. 30 and Rs. 35 for places.

Sixth Race:

GOODWOOD PLATE—7 Furs.

SILVERFLASH (Mohd. Haneef) 8-0 Percival 1
BALLOON PRINCE (Shanti Devi) Macquade 2
QUAKER OATS (Chidambaram) 8-6 Duffy 3
ASKOT (Kering) 8-13, Thompson.. 4

Not Run: Sweetbee and Lord Andrea.

Won by 1.2 l, 2 l, 1 l.
Time: One minute 35-1.5 seconds.
Tote paid Rs. 107 for win, Rs. 32.8, Rs. 31.8 and Rs. 15.8 for places.

Winner trained by Lohori.

Seventh Race:

PHILANTHROPIST CUP— Div. II) 7 Furlongs.

TITLI (Raja of Vizanagaram) 9-0 Joneale 1
TAPDANCE (Wandrekar) 7-9 Benjamin 2
MAYFAIR LADY (Thadani) 7-13 Mitchell 3
STAR OF SETHU (Raja of Ramnad) 8-5, Mars 4

Not run: Asycuflease.

Won by 1.2 l., 1.2 l, 1 l.
Time: 1 min. 36-4.5 secs.
Tote paid: Rs. 69.8 for win, and Rs. 25, Rs. 47.8 and Rs. 59 for places.
Winner trained by S. Hill.

JACOB SUSPENDED

Jacob of the Bangalore Club has been suspended by the W.I.F.A. for a fortnight beginning with June 25 and Soans of Candolin Union has been severely reprimanded.

SAYAJIRAO WINS IRISH DERBY

CURRAGH (Dublin), June 25 (Reuter).—Sayajirao, classic colt owned by the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda, won the Irish Derby over a mile-and-a-half here this afternoon beating Grand Weather with Esprit De France third in a field of eleven.

Sayajirao, by Nearco out of Rosy Legend, started favourite at evens with Grand Weather nine to four, second favourite and Esprit De France ten to one.

BYCULLA Y.M.C.A. TABLE-TENNIS

Bombay's Table-tennis season starts on the 7th of July when the Byculla Y.M.C.A. will hold its annual table-tennis tournament which will be concluded on the 18th of July. The last date for sending entries is Friday, July 4.

Indians Score Again At Wimbledon

WIMBLEDON, June 25 (Reuter).—It was another fine day for India at Wimbledon this afternoon for all the three Indian Doubles players won their first round matches in the same workmanlike fashion as they had done in the opening round of the singles, writes Vernon Morgan Reuter's Sports Editor.

MEN'S DOUBLES FIRST ROUND

Dilip Bose and Man Mohan (India) beat E. D. Andrews and J. A. Barry (New Zealand) 6-2, 6-3, 3-6, 6-2.

J. M. Mehta and Sumant Misra (India) beat B. G. Neal and R. C. Thorn (Great Britain) 6-3, 6-2, 6-2.

Iftikar Ahmed and Ghaus Mohammed (India) beat N. G. Farquharson (South Africa) and H. Billington (Great Britain) 3-6, 6-4, 6-4, 3-6, 6-2.

STILL HURDLE FOR MISRA AND MEHTA

Unfortunately the luck of the draw brings Iftikhar Ahmed and his partner Ghaus Mohammed into contact with Dilip Bose and Man Mohan in the next round. India's Davis Cup Doubles pair Misra and Mehta have a very still hurdle to overcome in the next round as they come up against the Latin American pair Francisco Segura of Ecuador and Enrique Morea of Argentina, one of the strongest non-seeded pairs in the Championships, who today beat the formidable Australian pair Jack Crawford and Jack Harper 6-2, 6-4, 7-9, 7-5.

CREDITABLE WINS

Misra and Mehta had, perhaps, the easiest task in the first round matches today as they had as opponents a young British pair, R. C. Thorne and B. Neal, who lacked the experience of the Indians. The combination of the Indians, coupled with Misra's serving and Mehta's net-play, proved too much for the Englishmen of whom Thorne was the better.

Ahmed and Mohammed did well beating the Anglo-South African pair Billington and Farquharson, in a splendid encounter which went the full five sets. The stamina and strength of the Indians Bailed them through against their older opponents. Similarly creditable was the win of Man Mohan and Dilip Bose over New Zealanders Andrews and Barry, although the New Zealand pair were not seen at their best, despite the fact that as a team they combined better than the Indians who did not always work together in the closest harmony.

THRILLING FINAL SET

Thrills, tension and excitement, usually confined to finals day at Wimbledon, attended the opening of the Men's Doubles events this afternoon when British Empire players, Tony Mottram of Britain and Bill Sidwell of Australia eliminated the seeded American pair Tom Brown and Budge Patty 6-2, 2-6, 7-5, 4-6, 6-4.

Queen Mary and a packed gallery thronged the Centre Court in brilliant sunshine to watch the first seeded players in the Tournament defeated. The final set was the most thrilling of all and held the crowd on its toes.

MIXED DOUBLES

In the mixed doubles first round I. Rinkel (Holland) and Mrs. F. Hamilton (United States) beat Dilip Bose (India) and Mrs. M. V. Nelson (Great Britain) 6-3, 6-2.

The defeat of the Indian and British pair was due to Rinkel's magnificent play. The Netherlands Davis Cup Player never made a mistake in the game in which the women did not always shine and his strong attacking was the deciding factor.

CHINESE FOOTBALL TEAM TO PLAY AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 24 (API).—A Chinese Football Team which is visiting India is likely to play three matches in Calcutta at the end of next month.

(The consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the Head Office of the Company. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them).

This Prospectus has been duly filed with the Registrar of Companies, as required, under Section 92 (2) of the Indian Companies Act 1913.

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN ON THE 26TH DAY OF JUNE, 1947, AND WILL CLOSE AS SOON AS THE DIRECTORS SO DECIDE AND IN ANY CASE NOT LATER THAN 3RD DAY OF JULY, 1947.

PROSPECTUS

CALCUTTA GAS COMPANY (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, 1913.

AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL .. .. .. Rs. 5,00,00,000

Divided into—1,00,000 5-1.2 per cent. (taxable) Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each .. .. Rs. 1,00,00,000
20,00,000 "A" Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each .. „ 2,00,00,000
20,00,000 "B" Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each .. „ 2,00,00,000
5,00,00,000

Of the above Shares, the following Shares are intended to be issued:—
30,000 5½% (taxable) Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each .. .. „ 30,00,000
3,25,000 "A" Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each .. „ 32,50,000
3,25,000 "B" Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each .. „ 32,50,000
95,00,000

Payable as to the full amount thereof on application.

Of the above issue, the signatories to the Memorandum of Association, the Directors, Secretaries and their friends have applied for and are taking up 1,65,000 "A" Ordinary Shares, 1,65,000 "B" Ordinary Shares, Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons have underwritten the 30,000 5½% (taxable) Redeemable Preference Shares of which shares 15,000 will be taken up by themselves, their clients and their friends. The balance of 1,60,000 "A" Ordinary Shares, 1,60,000 "B" Ordinary Shares and 15,000 5½% Preference Shares are available for public subscription.

The Redeemable Preference Shares will confer the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 5½% per annum less Income Tax only, on the capital for the time being paid up thereon and the right in a winding up to payment off of capital and arrears of dividend whether declared or not, up to the commencement of the winding up in priority to the "A" and "B" Ordinary Shares but shall not confer any further right to participate in profits or assets nor confer any voting rights.

The Company will have the option to redeem at any time or times after a period of 15 years from the date of this issue the whole or any part of the Redeemable Preference Shares at par (subject to the provisions of the Indian Companies Act 1913) on giving not less than six calendar months' previous notice. In the case of partial redemption, the particular shares to be redeemed as aforesaid will be determined by means of a drawing in the presence of a Notary Public as provided by the Articles of Association.

The Articles of Association provide that, after providing for the dividend on the Redeemable Preference Shares, out of the profits of any year which would otherwise have been available for dividend, the Directors may transfer to a special reserve fund (to be called the "Capital Redemption Reserve Fund" and to be applied for the purpose of redeeming the said Redeemable Preference Shares) such amount, if any, as they shall in their discretion think fit and proper.

The "A" Class and "B" Class Ordinary Shares entitle the holders thereof after payment of the Preference Share dividend to the remaining profits for the year PARI PASSU with each other and in the event of the Company being wound up to repayment of capital and to a share in the surplus assets of the Company PARI PASSU with each other.

Preference in allotment will be given to those applicants for "A" Class Ordinary Shares as have applied for an equal number of "B" Class Ordinary Shares.

DEBENTURES:—3,000 First Mortgage (Berar) Debentures of Rs. 1,000 each totalling Rs. 30,00,000 and carrying interest at the rate of 4% per annum are also being issued.

These Debentures will be secured by a Trust Deed containing a First Specific Mortgage on £292,594 stock in the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd. The relative Stock Certificates will be delivered to the Trustees for the Debenture-holders with signed blank Transfer Deeds to be held by the Trustees as long as any Debentures are outstanding. In the event of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., being liquidated the Debentures will be secured by creating a first specific mortgage on all the fixed assets of the Company, plant, buildings, machinery, etc., to be taken over by the Company from the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd. All the Debentures will rank PARI PASSU in point of charge and without any preference or priority of one over another.

The Trust Deed will provide that the Company shall not be entitled to create any mortgage or charge upon the said £292,594 stock ranking in priority or PARI PASSU with the First Mortgage (Bearer) Debentures.

Interest on the Debentures will run as and from the 1st day of July, 1947, and will be payable half-yearly on the 31st day of December and the 30th day of June in each year, the first payment being for the period from the 1st day of July, 1947, to the 31st day of December, 1947. The due date for repayment at par will be the 30th day of June, 1962; but power will be reserved for the Company to redeem all or any of them at par by giving six months' notice expiring on any interest date after the 30th day of June, 1957. After the date fixed by such notice the bearer for the time being of any debenture shall not except in case of default by the Company be entitled to interest on the principal moneys secured by such debenture. All the Debentures will rank PARI PASSU in point of charge and without preference or priority one over another.

These Debentures have been underwritten by Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons who together with their friends and clients have arranged to take up 2,000 Debentures. The balance of 1,000 Debentures are available for public subscription.

DIRECTORS

1. Mr. BAIJNATH JALAN, Merchant, Senior Partner, Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull, 61, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
2. MAHARAJADHIRAJ BAHADUR SIR UDAY CHAND MAHATAB OF BURDWAN, K.C.I.E., Landlord, 2, Judges Court Road, Alipore, Calcutta.
3. Dr. SHYAMA PROSAD MUKHERJI, M.A., B.L., D.Litt., LL.D., Bar-at-Law, M.L.A., Member Constituent Assembly, 77, Ashutosh Mukherji Road, Calcutta.
4. Dr. NARENDRA NATH LAW, M.A., Ph.D., Banker and Zamindar, 96, Amherst Street, Calcutta.
5. Mr. BABU LAL JALAN, Merchant, Partner, Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull 61, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
6. Mr. RAMKRISHNA DHANUKA Merchant, Partner, Messrs Sewbhagwan & Sons, Stock & Share Brokers, 7, Lyons Range Calcutta.

TRUSTEES FOR DEBENTURE-HOLDERS

Mr. MOHANLAL JALAN, Merchant, 61, Harrison Road, Calcutta.

Mr. H. ROWAN HODGE, Solicitor, 101.1, Clive Street, Calcutta.

REGISTERED OFFICE

8, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

SECRETARIES

Messrs. SOORAJMULL NAGARMULL, 8, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

BANKERS

1. Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
2. The Bank of India Ltd.
3. The Central Bank of India Ltd.

SOLICITORS

Messrs. ORR, DIGNAM & CO., 101.1, Clive Street, Calcutta.

AUDITORS

Messrs. LOVELOCK & LEWES, 4, Lyons Range, Calcutta, Chartered Accountants, Registered Accountants.

BROKERS

Messrs. SEWBHAGWAN & SONS, 7, Lyons Range, Calcutta.
Messrs. STEWART & CO., 4, Lyons Range, Calcutta.

OBJECTS:—The Company has been formed generally for the purposes specified in the Memorandum of Association, a copy of which has been set out in the folds of this Prospectus and forms part of it, and particularly for acquiring from the present holders the entire issued Capital Stock in the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., a Company incorporated in the United Kingdom and carrying on the business of supplying Gas to the city of Calcutta and its environs. In due course it is hoped to acquire the whole of the assets and undertaking of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., but in the first instance this Company will be a holding Company owning £292,594 or slightly more than 97½% of the issued Capital Stock of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., which will be the operating concern.

THE ORIENTAL GAS CO., LTD.:—The Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., has had a long and successful career and is well-known to the citizens of Calcutta. At present it owns about 400 miles of mains and has nearly 6,000 connections. It owns approximately fifty-eight Bighas and two Chattacks of land in and around the city of Calcutta. Its revenue results for the three years ended 30th June, 1946 (the last date up to which accounts have been prepared and expressed in pounds sterling), were as follows:—

Year ended 30th June, 1944 Profit	£112,709
Year ended 30th June, 1945 Profit	£120,582
Year ended 30th June, 1946 Profit	£108,735

These profits, which are based on the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 30th June, 1944, and 30th June, 1945, and on the draft accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1946 (the audit of which has not yet been completed) are stated before making any provision for taxation and before charging certain of the expenses of administration and management incurred in London which, with the transfer of the control of the Company's operations to India, will no longer be payable.

PROSPECTS:—As has already been made clear, this Company will, in the first instance, be a holding Company and its income will consist of dividends from the operating company on its 97½% stockholding therein. On the basis of the profits of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., for the year ended 30th June, 1946, as set out above, and after allowing for taxation payable by the two Companies at the rates in force for 1947/48, including the new business Profits Tax and the additional Super-Tax payable on Ordinary dividends and after providing for the remuneration of the Directors and Secretaries on the basis set out elsewhere in this Prospectus, the sum available for distribution to the Ordinary Shareholders of this (holding) company amounts to over Rs. 3,40,000 representing a return of over 5½% free of tax on he ordinary share capital, which having regard to the present high incidence of taxation, is considered by the Directors to be very satisfactory for a public utility company of this nature. If, as is hoped and will be possible in due course, this Company becomes the operating concern, on the basis of the 1946 profits of £108,735, it would be possible to declare a dividend of 6% on the Ordinary Share Capital of Rs. 65,00,000 after providing for all taxation including additional Super-Tax on the dividend and after setting aside a sum of Rs. 50,000 to Reserve. Even on the basis that the Company continues to be merely a holding Company, and after allowing for all taxation payable by the operating company (estimated to amount to Rs. 7,30,000), the Debenture Interest is covered more than five times by the profits available. If and when this Company eventually becomes the operating company, on the basis of the profits of the year ended 30th June, 1946, the Debenture interest will be covered more than ten and a half times by earnings. Similarly on the basis that the Company continues to be a holding company, the Preference dividend is covered by available profits more than four times, while as an operating company the cover would exceed five times. With the post-war industrial developments in greater Calcutta and its suburbs and the raising of the standard of living of all classes, the Directors expect a considerable expansion in the business of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., in the near future. Until the present time, the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., has been unable to arrange for further connection because of the control of coal, pipes and other materials. As has already been stated, however, the Company has at present nearly 6,000 connections and a considerable number of applications for fresh connections are pending, and a great many more are expected as soon as the Company is in a position to announce its ability to make further connections. In the city of Bombay, there are over 13,000 gas connections and the Directors see no reason why in Calcutta, which has a bigger population, the figure in due course and when materials are available, should not be as high if not higher than Bombay. Orders have been placed for additional machinery at favourable rates and when this new plant is brought into use, operations will be further extended. Work is at present in progress on the erection of plant which will increase the daily capacity of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd. from 3,250,000 to 4,000,000 cubic feet of gas, and it is expected that this increased capacity will be available by October next to meet the coal weather demand. In addition a Tar Distillation Plant is in the course of erection and is expected to come into operation by the month of August next at the latest; this Plant should result in an important increase in the income of the operating company from its Residual Products.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTIONS:—In the opinion of the Directors, the minimum amount required to provide for the cost of purchasing the £292,594 Ordinary Stock of the Oriental Gas Company, Ltd., is Rs. 1,12,97,185, for the payment of compensation to the London Directors and officials for loss of office and commutation of pensions is Rs. 8,02,815, for Preliminary expenses (including brokerage and stamp duties) is Rs. 4,00,000, for payment of borrowed money is Rs. Nil, and for working capital is Rs. Nil. The minimum amount on which the Directors will proceed to allotment is therefore the full amount offered for subscription.

SECRETARIES: — The firm of Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull are the Secretaries of the Company and they will hold office subject to the terms of the Company's Articles of Association and of an agreement to be entered into with the Company and unless the Secretaries resign they will hold office for 20 years from the date of incorporation of the Company. The agreement provides that the Secretaries shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services a commission of 10% of the net annual profits of the Company calculated as provided in Section 87(c)3 of the Indian Companies Act with a minimum payment of Rs. 60,000 in each year in the case of absence of or inadequacy of profits and an office allowance of Rs. 3,000 per mensem. In consideration of such remuneration the Secretaries shall subject to the control of the Directors conduct the business of the Company and shall provide a suitable office and office establishment for the Company in Calcutta but shall be entitled to charge and be paid for the cost of office establishment and for all actual post ges, telegrams, stationery and the like expenses and the Company shall pay such proportion of the salaries and commission if any, of any expert or Technical Adviser employed by the Secretaries partly in connection with the business of the Company and partly in connection with other business as the Directors may from time to time determine.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION:—The Articles of Association provide that the Secretaries shall be at liberty to appoint upto but not more than one-third of the actual number of Directors who shall be EX-OFFICIO Directors. Under the Articles of Association the qualification of every Director, other than the EX-OFFICIO Directors, shall be the holding in his own name or jointly with any other person of at least one thousand "A" Ordinary Shares in the Company. The remuneration of every Director including the EX-OFFICIO Directors shall be Rs. 100 for every meeting of the Board attended by him plus such sum as the Directors may consider reasonable for his expenses and loss of time in connection with his attendance at the said meeting. The Directors shall also be paid by way of additional remuneration a commission of 1% of the net annual profits of the Company calculated as provided in Section 87(c)3 of the Indian Companies Act. Such commission shall be ually divided among the Directors.

NATURE AND EXTENT OF DIRECTORS' INTEREST:—Mr. Baijnath Jalan and Mr. Babulal Jalan are interested as members of the firm of Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull who are the Promoters of the Company and who are to be appointed as Secretaries of the Company. Mr. Ramkrishna Dhanuka is interested as a member of the firm of Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons who have underwritten the Bearer Debentures and Preference Shares of the Company as mentioned above.

No other Director is interested in the promotion of the Company save to the extent of his holdings of shares in the Company. No sums have been or will be paid to any Director in cash or shares or otherwise to qualify him as Director.

CONTRACTS:—The following contract has been entered into by the Promoters:—

AN AGREEMENT, dated the 25th day of November, 1946, and made between Sir George Evetta, Stanley Hunter Jones, Basil Murton Gill, Arthur Mathows Paddon and Sir Alexander George Gray, The Directors of the Oriental Gas Company, Limited of the one part and Soorajmull Nagarmull of the other part whereby the parties of the one part agree to procure the sale to Soorajmull Nagarmull of not less than 90 per cent. of the stock of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., in consideration of the sum of £275 per £100 fully paid stock (and pro rata) and the further sum of £60,000 as compensation to Directors and London Officials for loss of office and in commutation of pensions payable to the London Staff and the further sum of Five hundred pounds towards the legal and other costs and expenses of the said Directors of the Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., in connection with such procuration.

The following contracts have been entered into by the Company:

(1) An agreement dated the 19th day of June, 1947, with the Promoters abovementioned for the reimbursement of all sums paid and indemnifying them against all liabilities incurred including preliminary expenses.

(2) An Underwriting Agreement, dated the 19th day of June, 1947 with Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons whereby Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons have underwritten 30,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each and 3,000 (Bearer) Debenture of Rs. 1,000 each at an underwriting commission of Rs. 1 per Preference Shares and Rs. 8 per cent. for each Debenture.

The following contract will be entered into by the Company:

AN AGREEMENT between the Company and Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull whereby the latter are appointed Secretaries of the Company the terms of which are referred to elsewhere in this prospectus.

DEBENTURE TRUST DEED:—The Debenture Trust Deed, a copy of which is available for inspection and which contains all the usual provisions in addition to those specifically referred to herein and the form of Debenture Certificate is annexed by way of Schedule to the Deed.

BORROWING POWERS:— The Articles provide that the Directors may from time to time at their discretion raise or barrow either from the Secretaries or elsewhere and may themselves lend and secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company

UNDERWRITING:— 30,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each and 3,000 Debentures of Rs 1,000 each have been under-written by Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons (of which 15,000 Preference Shares and 2,000 Debentures have been underwritten firm) for an underwriting commission of Re 1 per Preference Shares and As. 8 per cent. for each Debenture. In addition Messrs. Sewbhagwan & Sons will be entitled to brokerage on any Preference Share or Debenture taken up by or placed through them as stated herein under the heading of "Brokerage"

In the opinion of the Directors the resources of the underwriters are sufficient to discharge their underwriting obligations.

SHARES:—The rights of the various classes of shares in the capital and dividends are set out in the first part of this prospectus.

VOTING POWER:—On a show of hands every "A" Class Ordinary Shareholder present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll every "A" Class Ordinary Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote in respect of every such share held by him. No member may vote or act as a proxy or be reckoned in a Quorum whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares of such Members.

Preference Shareholders and "B" Class Ordinary Shareholders shall not be entitled to any voting rights but shall be entitled to be present at any meeting of the Company.

RESTRICTIONS ON RIGHT TO TRANSFER:—The Directors may decline register any Transfer of Shares upon which the Company has a lien, and in the case of shares not fully paid up may refuse to register a transfer to a transferee of whom they do not approve. The Company has no lien on fully paid shares.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS:—No restrictions are imposed by the Articles of Association on the Directors' powers of management and the control of the Company's affairs is vested in the Directors. The powers of the Directors are however, subject to any regulations not being inconsistent with the Articles of Association or the Indian Companies Act which may be made by the Company in General Meeting

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES:—Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull are the Promoters of the Company. The Promoters have negotiated all matetrs relating to the floatation and registration of the Company. They are meeting all preliminary expenses of and incidental to the formation and registration of the Company and are entitled to be reimbursed and indemnified against the whole of the expenditure and all liabilities incurred on behalf of the Company on the date on which the Company is entitled to commence business. Messrs. Soorajmull Nagarmull are receiving nothing for their services as Promoters. The preliminary expenses are estimated not to exceed Rs. 4 lacs (inclusive of stamp duty and brokerage)

DOCUMENTS.—Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company the Debenture Trust Deed and of the agreements referred to above can be inspected while the subscription list is open during the usual business hours at the Registered Office of the Company at 8, Dalhousie Square, East Calcutta.

A copy of the Company's Memorandum of Association is printed in the folds of this Prospectus and forms part of it.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES AND DEBENTURES:—The Directors reserve to themselves the right to reject any application without assigning any reason. The allotment of the shares is at the discretion of the Directors and they will have power to allot all or such number of shares as they think fit.

Application for shares and or Debentures should be made on the appropriate form accompanying this Prospectus and sent to the Registered Office of the Company or to any one of the Company's Bankers mentioned herein or to all their different branches together with a remittance for the full amount payable. Cheques on stations other than Madras, Bombay and Calcutta should include collection charges.

Where no allotment is made, the deposit will be returned in full; where the number of Shares and/or Debentures allotted is less than the number of Shares and/or Debentures applied for the balance of the deposit after providing for payment in full on the shares and/or Debentures allotted will be returned.

BROKERAGE:— A Brokerage at the rate of Re 1 for Preference Shares, eight annas per cent. for Debentures and annas four for "A" or "B" Ordinary Shares will be paid by the Company on allotments made in respect of applications bearing the stamp of any recognised firm of Brokers.

Copies of the Prospectus and forms of application for shares and/or Debentures may be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company, Messrs. Sewbhagwan and Sons, 8, Lyons Range, Calcutta, Messrs. Stewart and Co. 4, Lyons Range, Calcutta, or from the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation 8, Dalhousie Square Calcutta, The Bank of India, Ltd., 102A, Clive Street, Calcutta or The Central Bank of India, Ltd. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta, or any of their Branches.

Dated the 23rd day of June, 1947

B. N. JALAN U. C. MAHATAB
N. LAW B. L. JALAN
RAMKRISHNA DHANUKA
SHAYAMA PROSAD MUKHERJI.

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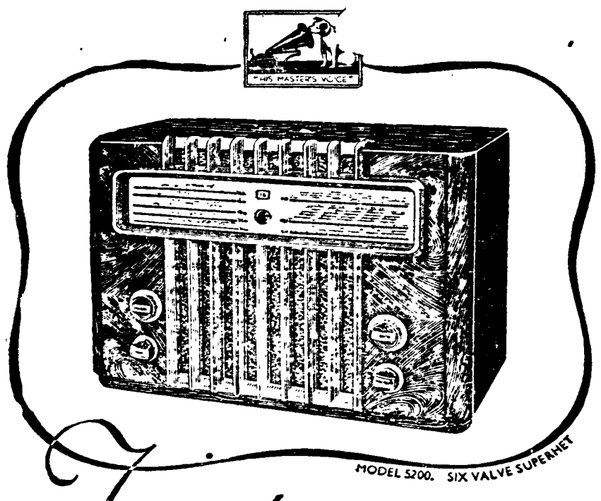

For real built in Quality

Model 5200. Six-Valve Superhet Table Model for AC/DC Mains. Magnified Band-spread on Short Wave Bands makes S.W. Tuning as easy as Medium Wave. 6 watts output. Special Tropic-proof cabinet built to withstand humidity and climatic extremes.

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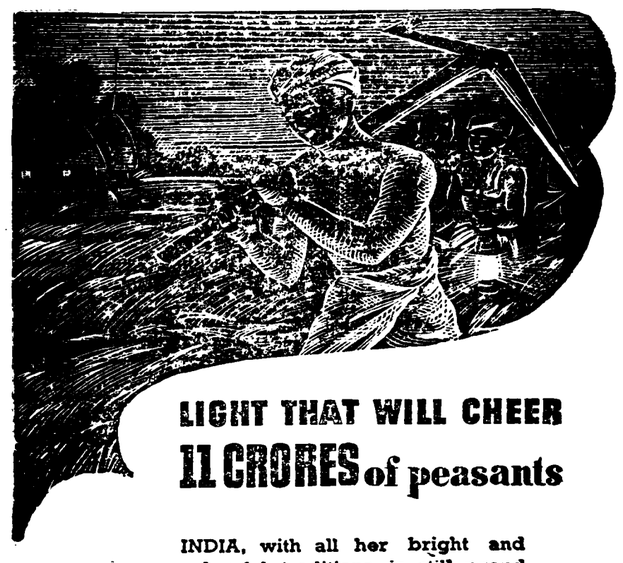
THE GRAMOPHONE COMPANY LTD.
CALCUTTA BOMBAY MADRAS LAHORE DELHI
HRK 6



LIGHT THAT WILL CHEER
11 CRORES of peasants

INDIA, with all her bright and colourful traditions, is still proud to be an agricultural country. The peasants are the sinews of this great oriental nation. The increasing popularity of DIPTI lanterns will inspire every peasant with confidence and hope for a better life.

DIPTI Hurricane lanterns

THE ORIENTAL METAL INDUSTRIES LTD.
JABAKUSUM HOUSE, CALCUTTA
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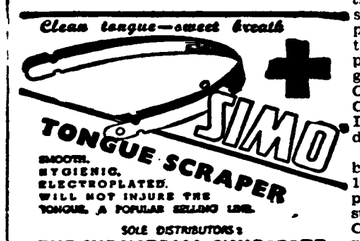

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Capital Of Indian Union

Patil Urges Bombay As Suitable Choice

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Speaking at a meeting of the Rotary Club of Bombay, Mr. S. K. Patil, B.P.C.C. President, said that the city of Bombay would be an ideal capital for the future Indian Union both from the point of view of its situation and climate. Mr. Merwanji Patel presided.

COSMOPOLITAN CITY

Besides having one of the finest ports in the world, Bombay was the most cosmopolitan city in India. Mr. Patil added. In this city people of different nationalities lived in amity and friendliness. From the historical point of view, Delhi could no longer be the capital. In that city dynasties after dynasties rose only to be destroyed within a short period of their existence.

Explaining the disadvantages of the present capital, Mr. Patil said that Delhi was only an "artificial city." It had managed to remain the centre of political activity only because the British chose to follow the example of the Moghuls in establishing their Central Government there. No ruler had found happiness there

More important than this was that in Bombay one took people at their value whereas in Delhi the problem of Hindustan and Pakistan was very acute. Again looked at from this point of view, Delhi was strategically more vulnerable than Bombay especially if the relations between the two States worsened.

GREAT SEA PORT

Finally, Bombay was one of the world's great sea ports and would soon have one of the most modern airports at Santa Cruz thereby giving it altogether a ten to one superiority over Delhi with regard to transport and world contacts. And if it were true that Bombay was not the geographic centre of India neither was London the centre of England nor New York of the U.S.A.

Mr. Patil admitted that Bombay had to solve many problems in the shape of water, roads, transport, housing, sanitation, health, education, etc., but he counselled patience with both the Corporation and the Government as the Gandhian ideal of a city beautiful was always before them.

Mr. Chhotabhai Patel proposed a vote of thanks to the Speaker.

DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

Seth Rathanchand Stresses India's Need Of Foreign Mechinery & Technical Advice

Seth Ratanchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Bombay Presidency Branch, Engineering Association of India, addressing the first annual gathering on 20th June 1947, said that the country was passing through a very acute transitional period, being at the threshold of Home Rule, and the engineering industry was destined to play a prominent part in the country's future. For this purpose it was necessary to import various types of foreign machinery to meet the existing shortage. The industry required remarkable technical skill which should enable it to make rapid strides in progress. Engineering firms engaged in the production of material for further processing in other industries, must receive priority from the Government so that quick development of Engineering industries could be assured in the country.

LABOUR PROBLEMS

He referred to the problem of dealing with the labour made difficult by the unresponsive and indifferent attitude of the working class. He also said that want of transport facilities had affected the progress of the industry. He suggested that the Government should, if necessary, procure the services of foreign technicians for giving guidance and advice on the spot. The war had, he added, enlarged constructional activities and iron and steel would continue to remain in demand and new steel works with adequate supply of suitable coal for metallurgical operations should receive priority in the immediate planning programme. It was encouraging that the Government had started the locomotive industry. Shipbuilding industry, too, appeared feasible. He also stressed the building of railway workshops and the manufacture of electrical goods.

COMMUNAL UNREST

He regretted that the communal riots had wrought a setback to the progress of the industry. He suggested that in view of the backwardness of the country in the development of the industry, industrial products should be lightly taxed. The factors of labour, material and capital, he added, must be effectively brought under discipline. He, therefore, suggested that the Government must be firm in preventing labour unrest. Nationalisation of industries like Engineering was not feasible at the present moment as the working class had not progressed in education and discipline. While the country was emerging from the agricultural condition and progress in industry was slow, the talk of nationalisation was inopportune.

Golden's Commercial Art Exhibition

Exhibition of entries received for the 'Commercial Art Competition' sponsored by Golden Tobacco Company is opening to-day (Thursday) in the Art Society Salon at No. 6, Rampart Row, Fort. A Committee of Judges headed by Mr. D. R. D. Tata, Vice-Chairman of the Bombay Regional Committee, Indian Institute of Art in Industry, will examine the entries and declare the various awards.

On the 27th and 28th inst. the Exhibition will be open to the public from 10-30 a.m. to 2-00 p.m., and from 3-00 p.m. to 6-00 p.m. It covers sections such as Press Layouts, Poster, Show Card and Slide designs, and is planned and organised by Green's Advertising Service Agents on behalf of their clients.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Asnad Shud 8, 2003
Muslim: Sabaan 6, 1366.
Parsi: Deh 26, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-03 a.m. Sunset: 7-20 p.m.
Hightide: 06-22, 18-25. Lowtide: 00-25, 12-17.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION Meeting at 3 p.m. (B.T.) today.

Today's Engagements

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY. Opening of the Central Library at the hands of Mr. B. G. Kher at 6 p.m. today at the Town Hall.

MAZDAZNAN today (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Mrs. Minnie S. Menta will deliver a public lecture on "A General Summing Up on the Health and Breath Culture Course".

SOLICITORS' CLERKS' ASSOCIATION: General Meeting at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Sir Cawasji Jahangir Hall.

U.N. CHARTER ANNIVERSARY: At Green's Hotel at 5-30 p.m. today, Mr. B. G. Kher will give the inaugural address.

BRAINS TRUST: Today at 6-30 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A., 12 Wodehouse Road. Panel: Dr. J. F. Bulsara, (Q.M.), Mr. P. Narayana Prasad, Mr. Wayne M. Hartwell, Mrs. Mittan Lam and Dr. F. R. Bharucha.

ISMAIL YUSUF COLLEGE EX-STUDENTS' UNION, JOGESHWARI: Annual gathering and appointment of Sub-Committee for collection of donations for memorial for the late Dr. Bazlul Rahman at 5-30 p.m. on 29th instant at Anjuman-I-Islam Hall.

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The Company, as its name implies, has been formed for the purpose of purchasing the Oriental Gas Co. Ltd. of Calcutta. The managing agents Messrs Soorajmull Nagarmull, the reputed industrialists of India, have already acquired 98 per cent of the shares for the above holding company. The holding company will enjoy all the fruits of a monopolistic public utility concern of a metropolis. The consumption of gas for public, domestic, industrial and scientific uses have been steadily growing and are bound to grow very much more in the near future.

The present holding company will be in a much better position because taxation of the United Kingdom hitherto chargeable to the sterling company in London, would not have to be borne by it. In the event of the holding company becoming the operating company, of which there is stated to be every likelihood with reputed and powerful businessmen at the helm of affairs, its prospects are bound to be better still.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, June 26.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amei) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Mohammad Khan (Been) 8-45 Babubhai Shah (Gujarati Geet) 9-0 Gajananrao Joshi (Todi).

12-0 p.m. Programme for women (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathi Songs 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 School Broadcast (U & G) 5-0 Mohammad Khan (Been) 5-15 Children's Half-Hour 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Local 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Madan Mohan (Thumri) 6-30 Hirabai Javeri (Purvi) 6-45 Ebesh Krut Geeto (Aatamram) 7-0 Mohammad Khan (Been) 7-15 Madan Mohan (Dadra) 7-30 Pustak Parichaya By Prof. M. M. Jhavery 7-45 Film Songs (Geet) (Gokul) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (O) 8-30 "Papini" (M) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Sports Review By Mohain Ali 10-0 Hilde Feldberg: Soprano (Arias) 10-10 Music of People 10-30 New Talent.

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 27-6-47:—Light to moderate rainfall will be widespread in the Konkan-patti. Scattered light showers are likely in the Hyderabad, Karanatak, western Telungana, Malnad, Gedinad Yerinad and Surat districts.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—No large change is expected.

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WIDESPREAD RAIN IN MALABAR AND KONKAN

All-India Weather

POONA, June 25, (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Wednesday, the 25th June, 1947:—

The shallow bay depression is centred this morning within a degree at lat. 20 N. long 90 E. It is likely to move in a north-easterly direction. Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar and Konkan and local in Assam, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar and the North Madras Coast. There have been also a few showers in Bengal, the East Central Provinces, and South Hyderabad. Day temperatures were markedly above normal in tht east and north Punjab, the United Provinces and the North and East Central Provinces.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 26TH EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in Assam and East Bengal, Malabar and the South Konkan, a few showers will also occur in Mysore, the South Bombay Deccan, West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Bihar.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain will occur in south-east Bengal and lower Assam within the next 48 hours.

Poona and neighbourhood: Fair weather.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours, from June 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m., on June 25:—

Ahmedabad 102 82 0 0 minus 5.0, Ahmednagar 95 71 0 0.7 minus 4.2, Ajmer 101 80 0 0 minus 1.7, Akola 101 ly above normal in the east and north 82 0 2 2 minus 2.3, Allahabad 113 86 0 0.3 minus 2.9, Bangalore 85 67 0 3.5 plus 1.0, Baroda 102 82 0 0 —, Belgaum 80 67 0 2.9 minus 3.8, Bellary 92 75 0 1.3 minus 0.2, Benares 108 84 0 0.2 minus 2.5, Bhopal 99 80 0 1.8 minus 3.2, Bhuj 94 82 0 0 minus 1.7, BOMBAY 90 79 0.6 3.3 minus 12.3, Calcutta 95 82 T 8.4 minus 0.9, Calicut 88 75 1.5 25.3 minus 3.6, Cawnpore 112 87 0 0.4 minus 1.8, Cherrapunji 76 66 0.2 95.9 plus 5.3, Cocanada 95 72 0.1 1.1 minus 2.7, Cochin 86 75 1.2 23.7 minus 0.7, Darjeeling 67 58 0.9 0.1 minus 9.7, Dehra Dun 105 84 0 1.5 minus 4.1, Delhi 110 93 0 0.1 minus 1.8, Gwalior 106 96 0 0.4 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 92 75 0 2.7 minus 1.0, Hyderabad (Sd.) 102 82 0 0 minus 0.3, Indore 97 78 0 0.9 minus 3.9, Karachi 87 79 0 0 minus 0.5, Khandwa 101 81 0 0 minus 4.0, Lahore 114 83 0 0 minus 1.2, Lucknow 110 86 0 1.7 minus 1.2, Madras 101 84 0 0 minus 1.5, Madura 99 80 0 0.2 minus 1.1, Mahabaleshwar 67 62 0.2 10.5 minus 20.9, Mangalore 87 75 1.7 21.0 minus 10.9 Nagpur 95 71 0 1.8 minus 5.2, Patna 87 79 0 2.9 minus 2.2, Peshawar 113 82 0 0 minus 0.2, Poona 8 74 0 0 minus 3.9, Rajkot 102 81 0 0 minus 3.2, Ranchi 91 75 0 8.7 plus 1.9, Rawalpindi 114 83 0 0.4 minus 1.1, Simla 84 69 0 1.5 minus 2.4, Srinagar 92 59 0 1.4 plus 0.3, Surat 94 82 T 0.1 minus 6.5.

'A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

He Who Learns The Rules Of Wisdom Without Conforming To Them Is Like A Man Who Ploughs In His Field But Does Not Sow.

—SAADI

The Bombay Chronicle

INJUSTICE TO PATHANS

Great sympathy will be felt all over India for the Pathans of N.W.F. Provinee, who have been placed in an unenviable position for no fault of theirs. They and their province were placed at the mercy of the Western Punjab. With the latter deciding to secede, the Province becomes geographically cut off from the Indian Union. Its geography was used as an argument for referendum on an issue which this very geographical position demanded should not have been forced upon them. They were in actual fact left no choice but unconditionally to join the Pakistan Constituent Assembly with that Assembly free to decide their destiny without necessarily any regard for their views. Yet they have a point of view. They do not object to joining Pakistan provided they are assured that their Pukhtoon identity will not be submerged and they have freedom in their internal affairs which includes relations with their brothers across the borders. This is what they meant by Pathanistan. But this choice was denied to them by the June 3 Plan. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan did his best to come to a settlement with the League High Command. He wanted nothing more than the assurance referred to above but, unfortunately, all his efforts failed owing to the adamant attitude of Mr. Jinnah who refused to give any assurance.

The referendum, with the only reasonable choice denied, is geographically almost meaningless as a choice between two alternatives. Moreover, as Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan points out, it is being held in an atmosphere of a reign of terror for which, everybody knows who are the parties responsible. And in this atmosphere the issue is, further, being made one of choosing between Hindus and Muslims. In fact, Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan has raised the slogan that the referendum is actually a "holy war." And Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan is no irresponsible, wild mischief-maker. He is one of the committee nominated by Mr. Jinnah to organise and control the referendum. In the circumstances the inevitable result would be a civil strife in the Frontier with Pathan fighting Pathan and brother shedding the blood of brother. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and the Khudai Khidmatgars who fought, suffered and sacrificed for the freedom of their people and their land, when the League leaders and their Ghazanfar-Alis were heaven knows where, cannot see Pukhtoon blood being shed in fratricide. To them the welfare of the Pathan matters. There was, therefore, no alternative for them but to boycott the referendum and save their people. They have been thrown into the Pakistan Constituent Assembly. But this will not end the matter. It may well be the beginning of a struggle. This Mr. Jinnah can even now avoid and even win the Pathan's friendship for and co-operation in Pakistan provided he gives them a just and square deal in terms of the proposals that had been made to him.

Splitting Of The Punjab

The inevitable has happened in the Punjab, too. After the legislature as a whole had voted for secession from the Indian Union, the Eastern section voted for partition of the Province. Thus partition has now been finally decided upon as in the case of Bengal under the provision of the June 3 Plan. It is, of course, a tragedy. As Malik Khizr Hyat Khan Tiwana has said, what has so long been the "Land of Five Rivers" has ceased to exist. But there was no alternative to partition. What is done is done and it behoves all, Muslims, Hindus and Sikhs, to forget the past and look ahead. They have, in both the areas, so much to do and undo, and in no case does the situation call more urgently for statesmanship and goodwill than in the case of the Punjab. Murder and arson overran the Province on an unprecedented scale and certain areas, including Lahore itself, are still in their grip. This mad savagery has to be stopped for the sake of the future of both the areas so that the partition could be effected peacefully. And we are glad to note that the Nawab of Mamdot, Lala Bhim Sen Sachar and Sardar Swarn Singh, the party leaders have all responded promptly to the call of the occasion. A word of particular praise is due to the Nawab of Mamdot the spirit of whose appeal compares so favourably with the statement issued by Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy. It is to be earnestly hoped that leaders' appeals prove effective and the murder and carnage end to enable the two areas to enter the new life in peace and in friendship.

The Punjab is in a peculiar position. Partition has merely intensified the communal problem, especially in regard to the Sikhs who have almost been cut into two halves. The western zone cannot live and progress without the goodwill and co-operation of its Sikh and Hindu minorities which goodwill is bound also to produce a happy reaction in the Eastern Zone towards the Muslim minority. And the Eastern Zone cannot for its own sake as also for the sake of Hindus and especially Sikhs in the West, afford to do without the goodwill of its minority. Moreover, the physical economy of the Punjab is so interwoven that even in separation, co-ordination and co-operation will be an imperative necessity. The leaders have realised the needs of the hour and of the immediate future. They have called for the wiping out of bitterness and enmity and for the establishment of brotherly relations between the various communities and between the separated areas. Sanity and goodwill must return to the whole of the Punjab in the interests of all and who knows that if the peculiarities of the Punjab played so large a part in dividing the country, those very peculiarities may not play an equally large part in eventually restoring India's unity?

Frankly Speaking

Encroachment Undesirable

Thanks to its peculiar geography and its rapid and unplanned development, Bombay is one of the most congested and overcrowded cities in India or, perhaps in the world. There are so few gardens and open spaces—the lungs of a city—that every effort should be directed not only to conserve all such existing spots, but also, as far as possible to add to them. Therefore, any proposal, however well intentioned and inherently good it may be, should be most carefully scrutinised, if it involves any encroachment on the existing open spaces. From this point of view the motion sponsored by Mr. Suleman. M. A. Darvesh in the Bombay Corporation, protesting against the construction of a public Hall on the Esplanade maidan served a useful purpose, although it was rightly thrown out as being premature if not wholly-unnecessary. Mr. S. K. Patil, leader of the Municipal Congress Party, was able to show that no such proposal was in existence. But at the same time Mr. Patil hinted that the hall was also a public amenity greatly to be desired in itself and it would ultimately have to be housed somewhere in an open space in the city.

A Composite Suggestion

We have no doubt that the building of the hall is greatly to be welcomed; but we would rather not see any existing space taken up for it. It is a dilemma and a serious one. There is, however, a way out, although we are conscious that it would be a somewhat difficult way. Would it not be possible to create a new open space by clearing out one of the innumerable foul slum spots in the heart of the city? The Provincial Congress has its own reconstruction plans. Funds have been set apart for this purpose. But if the present premises are sold out instead of being demolished, the price realised plus the funds already set apart would make a fairly handsome amount. If plans for a new Congress House and the proposed Sardar Hall are collated and dovetailed into each other and if the Municipality can be got to fit one of its many slum clearance programmes into this scheme of things, the city may well have a new garden and a new hall and the Provincial Congress a new and better home.

Welcome Move

There seems to be a considerable misunderstanding regarding the exact effect and implications of the Burmese Emergency Immigration Act. Mr. Ibrahim Motiwala, President of the Memon Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, for instance, is categorical in asserting that it not only curtails the free and hitherto unrestricted movement of individuals but is also bound to have an adverse effect on the trade and commerce of the country. He characterises it as uncalled-for, especially in view of the past and present relations between the two countries. On earlier occasions we have also expressed a similar view. But, according to a Rangoon message, U Mahn Da Khaind, Member for Labour and Industry in the Burmese Interim Government, said that people in India did not seem to understand the situation in Burma and, therefore, misinterpreted the Burmese Immigration measure. On the part of India there is nothing but a willingness to achieve the most sympathetic understanding, if Burma will take the trouble of explaining herself. Therefore, we are very glad to note that further discussions are taking place between the Government of Burma and Dr. M. A. Rauf the India Government representative on the Burmese Government's Immigration policy. We have no desire to say anything that would prejudice or prejudge the results of these negotiations which we trust will end in a compromise honourable to both parties. Meanwhile we are happy to note that U Mahn has given an assurance that the Burma Government would place no obstacles in the way of returning evacuees—an assurance which narrows down the dispute only to those who freshly seek entry into Burma.

Our Readers' Views

Plight Of Students

Sir,—The colleges have reopened and the acute shortage of hostel accommodation stares the students once again in the face.

It behoves the public of Bombay to lend a helping hand the students by finding means to relieve this housing shortage. I commend to them to adopt the system of taking paying guests, a system familiar in the West, though unfortunately it has not taken root in this country.

The paying guests system affords benefits to both the parties. The boarder enjoys the peace and comforts of a home, while the other adds a good sum to his family budget in these days of soaring prices.

I appeal to all who feel for the students to do all they can to relieve their hardships by taking them as paying guests.—Yours, etc.

KANISHKA H. KAJI.

Inter-Commerce Examination

Sir,—The result of the Inter-Commerce Examination has been out. Now the course has been changed. Yet the Bombay University has not declared whether any supplementary examination for those who have failed will be held or not, or whether any trial will be given to failures or not, and if so, when?—Yours, etc.

A STUDENT.

Borsad.

A. I. R.

Sir,—At last the A.I.R. seems to be in responsive mood. Will the liaison officer of the Bombay Broadcasting Station explain the following?

For about a quarter of a year, D'Amel, the new favourite of the A.I.R starts every morning his programme of noise-making, entitled 'Swar Kalika' or 'Song of the week'. Is this the sort of music the A.I.R. wants to popularize? D'Amel's efforts remind me of a circus in which an elephant tries to amuse the audience by blowing a bugle or some such instrument.

Secondly, I like to know why good musicians say like Moghubai Kurdikar, are given half an hour only as any other Miss so and so or some Mr. Professor? Is this the way of popularising good music? Another thing I like to know is why there is such a surfeit of third rate Hindustani music on the air? Is it really so difficult to get good musicians? I don't think so.

Thirdly, let me ask why the local 'geniuses' are brought to the A.I.R. for interpreting western music? It is a hopeless task, nay impossible. Has ever the B.B.C. or any foreign station ever tried to interpret Indian music? They rightly don't try the impossible. Why the A.I.R. does not broadcast the great western music from the best records available?

Fourthly, may I know the function of radio stars such as Hilda Flanders? In my opinion she spoils the programme of music by her ceaseless chatter.

Fifthly, my request to A.I.R.: "Don't try to smother criticism by inviting the critics to speak on the air!" The other day the A.I.R. tried to get me on telephone with a request to speak. I ask why did they not write to me? I think they were not prepared to have my 'no' on paper. I can't be silenced that way!—Yours etc.

D. G. TENDULKAR

OXFORD HONOURS WAVELL

OXFORD, June 25, (Reuter): Oxford University today honoured Field Marshal Lord Wavell former Viceroy of India, and Gen. Sir William Slim, former Commander of the Fourteenth Army in Burma, by conferring on them the Honorary Degree of Doctor of Civil Law.

DANGE IN BELGRADE

BELGRADE, June 25, (Reuter): A group of Indian, Rhodesian and Chinese Trade Union leaders has arrived at Belgrade at the invitation of the Yugoslav trade unions.

In the group is the chairman of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Shripad Dange, and the Chairman of the Federation of Miners of Northern Rhodesia, Mr. Godwyn Brian.

MIRAJ, June 25, (U. P. I.): Mr. N. V. Kulkarni, Retired Deputy Superintendent of Police, C. I. D. Broach, Bombay, has been appointed Additional Superintendent of Police, Jamkhandi State, especially to investigate into the murder of Mr. A. V. Sabde a month ago.

Partition Committees At Work

Personnel And Terms Of Reference

NEW DELHI, June 25. (A.P.I.): The Steering Committee, nine Expert Committees and several Sub-Committees working out the details of problems arising from the decision to partition of the country have been meeting daily for the past one week. These meetings will continue until they have concluded their work and submitted their reports to the Special Cabinet Committee.

The terms of reference of the various Committees and their personnel were officially released in a Press Note this evening.

The terms of reference of the Steering Committee as laid down by the Special Committee of the Cabinet are: To ensure,

(a) That concrete proposals are evolved in time by the Expert Committees.

(b) That these proposals adequately dove-tail with each other and form a comprehensive whole.

(c) That the recommendations of the various Expert Committees are presented to the Partition Council in a suitable form, and

(d) That the decisions reached are implemented in time.

The Committee of the Cabinet further directed that—

(1) Subject to the terms of reference that it might lay down for each of the Expert Committees, the Steering Committee may provide day to-day guidance, advice and direction to them, and

(2) The members of the Steering Committee should keep in close touch with the members of the Cabinet Committee and later the partition Council when it is set up.

ORGANISATION, RECORDS AND PERSONNEL

The Expert Committee No. One which deals with organisation, records and personnel consists of Messrs. S. A. Venkataraman, Z. V. R. Rao and M. Ayub. Its terms of reference are:—

(a) To obtain and submit proposals in regard to the organisational consequences of partition in respect of the administrative machinery, including:—

(1) The various kinds and grades of staff,

(2) The necessary office equipment, furniture stores etc.

(3) The necessary records, documents, international agreements, etc., (which should be separated or duplicated).

(b) To make recommendations regarding the division in accordance with the general directive given below as far as possible, and where this may not be possible, to suggest the basis of division, of the following:—

(1) Officers of the superior services,

(2) The staff of the Departments of the Government of India and of the attached and subordinate offices.

(3) The necessary records, documisations, for example, the various railways, P.&T. circles, and Income-Tax circles.

(c) Where it is not possible to effect a complete separation of functions by the partition date, to recommend interim arrangements for carrying out the functions concerned in the two areas.

(d) To recommend measures for giving effect to the decisions taken on the recommendations in (A), (B) and (c) by the Partition Council.

Every Government servant should be given the opportunity to select the Government he wishes to serve. The cadres will then be separated accordingly, but the actual transfers will have to be arranged over a period of time and in the meanwhile a standstill agreement should be arranged so that the efficiency of the organisations may be preserved.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Expert Committee No. 2 deals with assets and liabilities. Its composition is Mr. V. Narahari Rao, Sir Ghulam Mohamad, Messrs. S. Ratnam, Mumtaj Hasan, V. S. Sundaram, M. Shoaib and Secretaries: Messrs. M. V. Rangachari and Anwar Ali. Its terms of reference are:

(1) To compile lists of assets by broad categories showing value and present location.

(2) To make recommendations as to the division of assets between the two Governments. The general principle should be to secure the greatest good of the two States, but if there are disputed claims for fixed assets, like plant and machinery, the removal of which might be detrimental to the interests of the other Government, the facts of each case should be reported for consideration by the Partition Council.

(3) When division is impracticable, to make recommendation either for mutual assistance or for joint administration or for any other arrangement for such period as may be necessary.

(4) To make recommendations in regard to the financial settlement between the two Governments arising from the above as well as from an allocation of the public debt, pensions and other liabilities.

(5) To recommend measures for giving effect to any transfer of assets after the recommendations have been accepted by the Partition Council.

NOTE:—Departmental Sub-Committees and the Armed Forces Committee will submit reports to the Expert Committee in regard to assets falling within their purview.

A Sub-Committee on Railways under Expert Committee No. 2 consists of Messrs. G. Faruque, Z. H. Khan, Bakhale, General Manager, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Bhandarkar, I. S. Puri Financial Commissioner, Khan Bahadur K. Obaidullah, and Secretaries Messrs. K. C. Lal and Chugtai.

CENTRAL REVENUES

Expert Committee No. 3 which deals with Central Revenues consists of Messrs. K. R. K. Menon, Ilmuddin, A. Qadir, Rangathar (in his absence Mr. Satthanathan), and Secretaries Messrs. Burney and Inderjit Singh.

The terms of reference are:

1. To make recommendations for the collection and allocation between the two Governments of Revenues from customs, central excises, income-tax, salt, opium and stamps for the current year.

(2) To make recommendations regarding the relations between the two Governments in the matter of Customs, Income-tax, etc., in future.

Expert Committee No. 4 deals with contracts and consists of Messrs. Bhattacharya and Hasnie.

Its terms of reference are:

To make recommendations regarding the allocation of the liability including contingent liability such as pending litigation for contracts entered into by the present Government of India.

CURRENCY, COINAGE & EXCHANGE

Expert Committee No. 5 dealing with Currency, Coinage and Exchange consists of Messrs. Ambegaokar, B. K. Nehru, Rangachari, Sir Ghulam Mohammad, Mr. Zahid Hussain, Dr. Qureshi, and Secretaries: Messrs. Anwar Ali and H. S. Negi.

Its terms of reference are:

(1) To make recommendations regarding Currency and Coinage arrangements consequent on partition for the two Governments.

(2) Consistent with the recommendations under (1) above, to formulate proposals in regard to the division of the assets and liabilities of the Reserve Bank of India, and the organisational consequences of partition in respect of its administrative machinery.

(3) To make recommendations consequent on partition regarding Exchange Control for the two States.

(4) To report on the position of the two States consequent on partition in regard to the membership of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank.

BUDGET & ACCOUNTS

The Committee on Budget and the Accounts is composed of Messrs. Seshu Iyer, Bashir Ahmad, A. Subrahmanyam, Shoaib, Rangachari and Anwar Ali.

Its terms of reference are:—

(1) Regarding the financial, budgetary, accounting and auditing arrangements for the two Governments for the current financial year.

(2) Regarding the adjustments between the two Governments in respect of services rendered in future by one Government to the other.

The Departmental Sub-Committee dealing with Railways and P and T is composed of Mr. I. S. Puri, Khan Bahadur Obaidullah, M/s. Sen Gupta and Hashim. It will make recommendations:—

(1) Regarding the financial, budgetary and accounting arrangements for the Railway, P & T systems for the two Governments for the current financial year.

(2) Regarding adjustments between the two Governments in future in respect of traffic running over both States and of services rendered by one Government to the other.

ECONOMIC RELATIONS

Expert Committee No. 6 deals with economic relations (controls). It consists of Messrs. R. L. Gupta, Boothalingam, Hasnie, Mahmadi, Ismail, G. R. Kamat, and Secretaries: Messrs. P. R. Nayak and Ikramul Haque.

Its terms of reference are:—

To examine the effect of partition on the administration of existing controls and to make recommendations regarding alternative arrangements if necessary.

Expert Committee No. 7 dealing with economic relations (trade) consists of Messrs. Ikramullah, Illmuddin, Bhoothalingham, K. K. Chettur, and Secretaries: Messrs. L. K. Jha and Junaid.

Its terms of reference are:—

To examine matters regarding all trade and movement between the territories of the two Governments.

Expert Committee No. 8 dealing with domicile is composed of Sir Dhiren Mitra, Justice Rahman, Mr. V. Shankar and Mr. Aziz Ahmed.

Its terms of reference are:—

To examine and make recommendations on the implications of partition with reference to domicile and nationality of the inhabitants of British India and on the position of Indian nationals abroad.

FOREIGN RELATIONS

Expert Committee No. 9 deals with foreign relations and consists of Messrs. A. V. Pai, P. Achuta Menon, C. S. Jha, Ikramullah and Col. Iskandar Mirza.

Its terms of reference are:—

To examine and make recommendations on the effect of partition.

(1) On the relations of the two Governments with each other and with other countries (including the countries of British Commonwealth and border tribes).

(2) On the position of Indian nationals abroad.

—(3) On India's diplomatic representation.

(4) On the existing treaties and engagements between India and other countries and tribes.

(5) On India's membership of International Organisations.

LET NOT PAKISTAN BE ERECTED ON RUINS

Mahatma Prays For Success Of Peace Effort In Stricken Punjab

NEW DELHI, JUNE 25 (API).—ADDRESSING THE POST-PRAYER MEETING TODAY MAHATMA GANDHI SAID THAT IF THE IMPENDING DESTRUCTION OF LAHORE, AMRITSAR AND GURGAON WAS EFFECTIVELY AND PERMANENTLY ARRESTED THROUGH THE JOINT AND SINCERE ACTION OF THE PARTIES THEY WOULD EARN THE GRATITUDE OF POSTERITY.

Mahatma Gandhi said that he was glad to find that the Afghan Consul General in India, Sardar Ghulam Mohd. had promptly contradicted the statement about discriminatory treatment of Hindus in Afghanistan made to him (the speaker) by those who had seen him in Hardwar. The Consul General categorically denied that there was any such treatment in Afghanistan. Mahatma said he would never have repeated the statement, if he had not been assured by a member of the Hardwar deputation that he was speaking what he knew.

SEVERAL CONFLICTS

He was torn added Mahatma Gandhi between several conflicts. He felt that Bihar was calling him, so was Noakhali where he had commenced work among refugees and tried to specialize in the work. When a month ago he left Patna he was under the impression that he would return to Bihar inside of a week. But events had taken place during the month in such quick succession that perhaps a generation had been packed into a month. So he was vegetating in New Delhi hoping that thereby he was serving both Bihar and Noakhali. Then he fancied that the Punjab was also calling him. He saw no guiding star unmistakably telling him which way to take. He, therefore, went by 'the saying' that had gripped him years ago "when in doubt stay where you are."

HUMANITARIAN MOVE

He had said last evening that the leaders of all the communities concerned should make a herculean effort to stop the mutual slaughter and arson. He was therefore glad to find in the papers that in Lahore they had decided to do their utmost to stop the carnage. He congratulated the leaders on their humanitarian and national move. It was any way my superior to Martial Law. It was an effective substitute for Martial Law which delt with the symptom but not with the disease itself.

He hoped and prayed that the effort would be crowned with success. If the impending destruction of Lahore, Amritsar and Gurgaon was effectively and permanently arrested through the joint and sincere action of the parties, they would earn the gratitude of posterity. He was sure that no one wished that Pakistan should be erected on the ruins of all that their ancestors had built with patient effort and the toil of thousands of builders.

LEADERS CALL ON GANDHIJI

NEW DELHI, June 25 (API).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Dr. Rajendra Prasad saw Mahatma Gandhi at the Bhangi Coiony today.

FULL BENCH SETS ASIDE COMMITTAL FOR CONTEMPT

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice Mr. Justice Chagla and Mr. Justice Dixit)

The Collector of Bombay ..... (Appellant (Original Respondent)

vs.

Issac Penhas ..... Respondent (Original Petitioner)

A Full Bench of the Bombay High Court set aside an order passed by Mr. Justice Bhagwati on 29th October 1946 committing R. Y. Davies, the then Collector of Bombay, for contempt of Court and ordering him to pay a fine of Rs. 100/-.

The respondent is the monthly tenant of a flat in a building called "Rupayatan" at Marine Drive, Bombay. On 11th September 1946 the Collector of Bombay issued an order under the Defence of India Rules requisitioning the respondent's flat and directing that possession of it should be handed over to Dr. Lakshmanan, Surgeon-General to the Government of Bombay within 7 days. One Nadkarni, who was the constituted attorney of the petitioner was in possession of the flat. On the morning of 28th September, 1946, the Requisitioning Inspector accompanied by a Police Inspector and Dr. Lakshmanan attended to take possession of the flat. Finding it locked, just as they were breaking open the lock, some guests of Nadkarni who was also in occupation of the flat came up and all of them entered the flat almost simultaneously. In the meantime, an application was made at the Judge's bungalow and an interim injunction was obtained restraining the Collector from enforcing the requisition order and obtaining possession of the flat. This order was communicated to the Collector at his office, but on information received by him from the Deputy Secretary to Government that possession of the flat had already been obtained by Dr. Lakshmanan, he ordered the Requisitioning Inspector to make an inventory and to lock up the flat. As however the door of the flat was closed from inside and on account of riot duty police help was not available, the Requisitioning Inspector left and the guests of Nadkarni remained in undisturbed possession of the flat. On these facts Mr. Justice Bhagwati held that the Collector was guilty of contempt of court in ordering and directing the Requisitioning Inspector to make an inventory and to lock up the flat in contravention of the High Court's Order. The Collector appealed. An important preliminary objection was raised that even an order of committal for civil contempt was not appealable and so a Full Bench was formed to hear the appeal.

Holding that an order of committal for contempt was a final order which affected the merits of the case and determined the rights and liabilities of the parties, Their Lordships held that it amounted to a "judgment" within clause 15 of the Letters Patent and was appealable. Their Lordships observed that there was no decision of any High Court that such an order was not a "judgment" within clause 15, and distinguished a previous decision of the Bombay High Court in 60 Bom. 894 (D.B.) on the ground that that was a case of an appeal from an order refusing committal for contempt. In Their Lordships' opinion it was not necessary that in order to be appealable, an order should affect the merits of the question "between the parties" to such proceeding and those words in Sir Richard Couch's Judgment in the leading case of the Justices of the Peace for Calcutta was not an integral part of his definition of the term "judgment" in clause 15. Therefore though these proceedings were between the Court and the appellant and not between the appellant and the respondent, the order of committal was appealable as a "judgment."

On the merits, though whether possession had been taken or not might be a matter of opinion, Their Lordships were not at all satisfied that in giving the directions he did, the Collector had contravened the order of the Court. In Their Lordships' opinion contempt lay not in what he directed but in what he did. Assuming that a mere direction amounted to contempt of court, in Their Lordships' opinion, it was not given wilfully or contumaciously and in order to defy the order of the court, but on information obtained from proper quarters the Collector had come to a 'bona fide' conclusion that the Government was in possession and had given orders to protect that possession.

Their Lordships therefore set aside the order of Mr. Justice Bhagwati, allowed the appeal with costs throughout and ordered the fine if paid, to be refunded.

The Advocate-General instructed by Messrs. Little & Co appeared for the appellant.

Mr. V. F. Tarapore vala and Mr. M. M. Desai instructed by Messrs. Ambubhai & Diwanji appeared for the respondent.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUUT COMMENT

LONDON, June 23.

The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, is considering what actions will be taken about the Government of Iraq's refusal to allow goods to pass in transit through Iraq to Palestine.

Mr. Christopher Mayhew Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated this to-day in a parliamentary reply to Mr. Barnet Jahner (Labour) and President of the Zionist Federation of Great Britain, who had asked what he proposed to do to prevent "this clog on international trade."—Reuter.

* * *

Defending his call to the major community to be honourable and just towards the Muslims, Mahatma Gandhi says in reply to critics that his advice was meant for brave, unselfish and godly people.

We hope he doesn't receive more letters and have to explain later that he didn't mean any personal reflection on—yes.

* * *

New Delhi, according to our correspondent, would welcome Travancore's action against non-Travancoreans as reprisal against what is reported to be Government of India's contemplated action against Travancore State subjects in Central or Provincial employment.

New Delhi would. What would be more welcome to it than to have every party's headache, Travancore's as well as India's, removed by provoking Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar to take reprisals against himself?

* * *

But New Delhi can't monoeuvre Sir "C. P." like that. Moreover, history provides many analogies and precedents in favour of the Travancore Dewan, one of the latest being that of Herr Adolph Hitler who, though an Austrian, ruled as Chancellor of Germany making that country very Independent. And later, conquering Austria itself.

Let New Delhi remember THAT.

* * *

Sir C. P. confutes the State Congress leader's statement that any referendum in Travancore would be neither fair nor free in the existing circumstances.

We agree with Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar inspite of your observation—now that we have revived your memory—that Herr Hitler secured 97 per cent "yes" votes every time he made a referendum to the electorate.

* * *

At the inaugural meeting of the Sind University Senate the Chancellor, Sir Francis Mudie "made" according to the A.P.I., "an appeal to all to set aside their differences and work together to establish a first rate University in Sind."

What "differences" have Sir Francis Mudie and the Sind League Ministry to set aside?

*

Sir Henry Gurney, the Palestine Chief Secretary, is alleged to have dealt "a slap in the face for U.N." by pointing out the exact position re: the Fact-Finders' "intervention" on behalf of three condemned Jews.

Gurney Must Go.

But that's not all. In order to create a favourable atmosphere for the Fact-Finders, the British must withdraw their military, surrendering the equipment to the three Jewish armies and offer a humble and abject apology to the World Zionist Organisation.

Frontier Faces New Struggle

CONGRESS DECISION TO BOYCOTT REFERENDUM

Reign Of Terror Makes Free Voting Impossible

PESHAWAR, June 25, (U.P.I.): Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan in the course of a lengthy statement has announced the boycott of the Frontier referendum on the present issue, but has stated that he is prepared to accept it on Pathanistan versus Pakistan.

In the course of the statement he maintained that the great majority of Pakthoons were for establishment of a free Pathan State.

As regards a referendum on the present issue he said that he was convinced that they would not associate themselves with this referendum, because of so many difficulties.

He appealed to all Pathans to keep aloof peacefully from it and meanwhile prepare themselves against "the coming danger wherein not only the liberty of the Pakthoons but their very existence is at stake."

The following is the full statement issued to the press yesterday:

"Great changes that are taking place in India as a result of the ending of the British domination not only affect the whole of India but the Frontier province also. I have given the greatest thought to these changes and have also consulted my co-workers.

More than a generation we struggled for freedom in Frontier. In the course of this struggle, we Pathans suffered great hardships but have never given up the struggle. Our struggle was against the British rule and domination and in this we allied ourselves with the Indian National Congress—the great organisation which was similarly fighting the British.

Naturally in the circumstances, we found ourselves in close alliance and comradeship with the Congress. When we in Frontier were in great trouble in the course of the freedom struggle, it was the Congress that came to our help, which, in spite of our requests, the Muslim League refused to give. As a matter of fact many of the present League leaders of Frontier helped the British against their kith and kin."

'Our struggle all along had been for the freedom of India and more especially of Pathans. We want complete freedom. That ideal of ours still remains with us and we shall work for it.

"Unfortunately, recent developments have placed grave difficulties in our way. In the announcement of H. M. G. of June 3, it has been stated that a referendum will be held in the N. W.F.P. where the only alternative which will be put before the electors of the present Legislative Assembly, will be whether to join the Indian Union Constituent Assembly or the Pakistan Constituent Assembly. This limits our choice to two alternatives neither of which we are prepared to accept. We cannot vote, as we want to, vote, for a free Pathan State.

REIGN OF TERROR

"We must also take into consideration all that has happened in the N. W. F. P. during the last few months. An organised campaign of terrorism was launched by the Leaguers which resulted in murder of hundreds of innocent men, women and children. Property worth crores of rupees were destroyed through loot and arson. The whole atmosphere, therefore, was surcharged with communal frenzy and passion.

Even now leading members of the Muslim League are carrying on a raging and tearing campaign to frighten people from voting against them in the referendum.

Evidently, they not only want to prevent tens of thousands of refugees who have gone out of the province from voting in the referendum, but are threatening others who are in the province from voting by telling that they do so at their peril. They remind them of the horrible outrages which disfigured the face of our province during the last few months. Religious passions of unsophisticated Pathans also are being roused by describing the contest on the present issues as the between Kafirs and Islam."

"Holding a referendum in the circumstances and on present issues, which are essentially communal in their nature, appears to be the result of a deep-seated conspiracy. The attitude adopted by some of the highly placed officials and statesmen, who characterise the League agitation in the N.W.F.P. as 'peaceful', lends support to the above inference.

It is necessary to provide an opportunity for us to vote in the referendum for a free Pathan State.

The Viceroy said that he was unable to change the procedure laid down except with the consent of the parties. I consulted with the leaders of the Congress who assured me that they were perfectly willing for this opportunity to be given to us.

Mr. Jinnah, however, on behalf of the Muslim League, entirely opposed the idea of a free Pathan State and would not agree to an opportunity to be given to us to vote on this issue. It is, therefore, clear that the League wants to take full advantage of the communal issues involved.

18-YEAR-OLD FIGHT

"Because of the desire of my co-workers and that of mine in the matter, I tried my utmost to reach a settlement between various parties concerned. I regret this has not been possible because Mr. Jinnah will not agree." Perhaps he thought that I had seen him because of our weakness, though I approached him as a Muslim for maintaining the unity amongst the Muslims. It is not out of our weakness that I approached him, but out of strength of our cause and because of our earnest desire to have peace in Frontier as well as freedom.

"I maintain that a great majority of Pakhtoons are for the establishment of a free Pathan State. With a view to ascertain the will of the people in this respect, I am prepared for holding a referendum or general elections.

"What are we to do in these circumstances? I am convinced that we cannot associate ourselves with the referendum because of the above difficulties. I would appeal to all Khudai Khidmatgars and others who believe in a free Pathan State not to participate in the referendum and keep away from it peacefully.

But this does not mean we should rest still. A new struggle has been forced upon us. After bringing into a successful conclusion of our 18-year old struggle for freedom against the British domination, we are now faced with a new danger. Not only liberty of Pakhtoons but their very existence is at stake. I, therefore, call upon all Pathans who have love of their motherland at heart to unite and work for achieving the cherished goal.

"How I wish that even at this eleventh hour Mr. Jinnah had recognised the justice of our position and refrained from dividing Pathans from Pathans."

FRONTIER REFERENDUM ON JULY 6.

PESHAWAR, June 24 (A.P.I.): The Associated Press of India understands that the proposed Referendum in the Frontier Province will start on July 6 and will continue till July 17. The voting in connection with the Referendum is expected to commence in Hazara and D. I. Khan district on July 6 and in other districts on July 8.

Burmese Frontier People Not Being Intimidated

Thakin Nu Suggests Investigation By British Parliamentary Delegation

LONDON, June 24 (Reuter): Thakin Nu, President of the Burmese Constituent Assembly now creating a constitution for independent Burma and leader of the Burma political "goodwill delegation" to London today told the Secretary of State, Lord Listowel, that Burma would welcome a British Parliamentary delegation to Burma to investigate and disprove suggestions that Burmese frontier people were being intimidated in their approach to self-determination, writes Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent. Thakin Nu who is accompanied by U Kyam Nyein, Home Member of the Governor's Executive Council, and U Ko Ko Gyi, Vice-President of the Burmese Socialist Party, was today received also by the British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, to whom he gave the good wishes of the Burmese people.

In an exclusive interview with Reuter Thakin Nu, who is Vice-President of the Burma anti-Fascist People's Freedom League and Deputy to General Aung San, President of the League and Vice-Chairman of the Governor's Executive Council, complained of a report suggesting that General Aung San, who is also leader of the Constituent Assembly, had used intimidation or threats to get the support of the representatives of the frontier areas of Burma for his independence resolution in the Constituent Assembly.

Thakin Nu said he regarded the suggestion as a downright insult to Sir Hubert Rance, the Governor of Burma, who is there to protect the rights of the frontier area peoples. "So if General Aung San had used intimidation or threats" declared Thakin Nu, "the frontier peoples, who have immediate access to the Governor, could have sought redress. It is equally an insult to General Aung San. He has very clearly stated in the Constituent Assembly that he would not use coercion to get the frontier areas to join the Burmese federation if they did not wish to do so and he has all along affirmed the right of the frontier area peoples to complete freedom in their self-determination. In any case, the frontier area would not allow themselves to be the subjects of intimidation."

During my interview with Lord Listowel today I told him that Burma would welcome a Parliamentary Delegation to see for itself and be satisfied that at the moment of transfer of power, the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League at all events is conducting itself democratically and that neither intimidation nor threats nor coercion are being employed to influence the frontier peoples against exercising their inherent rights". Thakin Nu declared.

He expressed the view that the constitution-making was going forward satisfactorily and that the constitution might be completed in October

ALL JAP RESTAURANTS TO CLOSE

TOKYO, June 25, (Reuter): The Japanese Cabinet today decided to close restaurants and eating houses throughout the country for six months because of food shortage.

Corporation For Colonial Development

LONDON, June 25 (Reuter).—A new Colonial Development Corporation with total borrowing powers of 100,000,000 sterling, is to be set up by the British Government to establish or assist in enterprises in British Colonies designed to increase their general productive capacity.

This was announced today in the House of Commons by Colonial Secretary Arthur Creech Jones, who explained that the enterprise which would come under the Corporation would probably be mainly agricultural.

Legislation would be introduced into Parliament shortly to set up the new body. The same legislation would provide also for the establishment of the Corporation which was to take over the Groundnut Project in East Africa from which Britain hopes to get much needed oils.

PLEA FOR TRUCE ON THE YELLOW RIVER

Danger Of Flood Damage To The Dykes

SHANGHAI, June 25 (Reuter).—UNRRA's China office today proposed a cease-fire between the Chinese Government and Communist forces along the entire Yellow River and for five miles on either side of the Sykes in order to permit dyke repair work to proceed until the end of July.

Mr. Harlan Cleveland, Director of the UNRRA office, who issued the appeal, warned that unless both sides exercised "a higher order of statesmanship" there was an imminent danger that floods might produce breaks in the Dykes with consequent disaster to millions of peasants in the Provinces of Shantung, Kiangsu and Hopei.

Protection For Fatty Acid Industries

Plea For 30 p.c. Duty On Imports

BOMBAY, June 25, (A. P. I.): Inquiry into the question of protection and assistance to the oleic and stearic acid industries, commenced today before the Indian Tariff Board which met in Bombay with Mr. C. C. Desai, Member-Secretary in the chair.

From the statistics made available to the board it was found that the future demand of both the acids would be in the neighbourhood of 1,500 tons each.

On behalf of the industry it was stated that, given adequate protection, it would be able to meet the local demand. An "ad valorem" duty of 30 per cent, it was stated, would be acceptable to the industry. That should be extended for three years.

The board also discussed the quality and availability of the products, present landed cost and the cost of production of indigenous manufacturers.

MAHARASHTRA BRANCH OF I.N.T.U.C.

25 Unions Pledge Support

POONA, June 25 (API).—A meeting of labour leaders from Maharashtra, representing over 25 unions and organised labour of over 3,50,000 held in Poona today decided upon the formation of the Maharashtra branch of the I.N.T.U.C.

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress presided. The meeting was inaugurated by Mr. Khandubhai Desai, General Secretary of the I.N.T.U.C.

A provisional provincial board with Mr. Madhavrao Begal of Kolhapur as its President, Dr. K. B. Antrolikar and B. G. Naik as Vice-Presidents, Mr. S. G. Athavle and H. R. Kolte as Secretaries and Mr. Channu Singh Kalyanmal M.L.A. (Bombay) as organiser was set up at the meeting.

NO SEPARATE REPRESENTATION IN PAKISTAN

Australia To Have Only One Trade Commissioner

COLOMBO, June 25, (Reuter): Mr. D. S. Shubart, Australian Trade Commissioner designate to India, told correspondents here today that after the division of India, Australia would not send another Commissioner but that he would act as Commissioner for both Dominions.

Mr. Shubart is on his way to Bombay to take over from Mr. Herbert Gollan.

ANGRY SCENE IN B.P.C.C.

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Hot words were exchanged between the President and a member of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting of the Committee resulting in an abrupt adjournment of the meeting. The meeting was held this evening at the Congress House under the presidentship of Mr. S. K. Patil.

The flare-up occurred when Mr. C. V. Varad a member of the Committee was speaking on the motion on the enrolment of the Congress membership for the year 1947. Mr. Patil said that as the Congress Constitution was likely to be changed many provinces did not pay much attention to the enrolment of Congress members. Only a few provinces had enrolled members. Those who were enrolled between January and April should be re-enrolled for the current year.

Mr. Varad pointed out that the B.P.C.C. had no right under the A.I.C.C. Rules to close down arbitrarily the enrolment of the membership on April 30 in anticipation of the proposed amendment of the Constitution. Secondly the B.P.C.C. had no right to order fresh enrolment of those who were enrolled from January to April.

Interrupting, the President remarked that Mr. Varad's criticism was irrelevant and out of order.

The member objecting to the President's ruling said that he was now and then ruling things out of order.

Thereupon, the President asked the member to take his seat. The member unbudgingly insisted that he had a right to speak. Raising his voice Mr. Patil, the President, asked the member to leave the meeting instantaneously. Mr. Varad who remained adamant refused to quit the meeting or to take his seat.

On suggestion from Mr. Patil, Mr. B. N. Maheshwari thereupon moved a resolution for the adjournment of the meeting and suggesting to the Committee to take disciplinary action against the 'unruly' member.

The resolution was carried.

PALL OF FLOOD OVER KWANGTUNG

1,000 Dead: Five Lacs Destitute

CANTON, June 25, (Reuter): Mile after mile of rich farm land was under water today in Kwangtung province, South China, where more than 1,000 people were estimated to have lost their lives as flood waters from rain-swollen rivers swept over the land leaving 500,000 destitute and homeless, cables Reuters Special Correspondent.

"Flying low over the flooded areas today I saw appalling ruin and devastation—all caused during the past few days".

For long distances only the tops of trees or high dykes showed above the waters".

"Wherever there was an island of high land, I could see peasant folk huddled together with their livestock".

"An exceptionally heavy rainy season had swollen Kwangtung's rivers to an extent almost beyond living memory. In many places they burst through their centuries old dykes and ran amok over the surrounding land.

The floods are slowly but steadily falling and unless a key dam bursts the worst is over, but as I write this dispatch rain is falling, quietly, relentlessly, as anxious almond shaped eyes turn once again in the direction of the rivers leading to Canton".

HOME MINISTER'S CALL TO WARLIS

Govt. Determined To End All Lawlessness

DAHANU, June 25, (A. P. I.): Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, speaking at the Gokhale Education Society's High School at Shirgaon in Umbargaon Taluka this morning, declared that the Government of Bombay were determined to end all disturbances and lawlessness in the district.

Calling upon landlords and tenants to act with love and understanding with each other, the Home Minister expressed the hope that they would work as comrades rather than as master and servant. "The exploitation of the Warlis," he said, "must stop. The tiller of the soil must get a square deal."

Mr. Desai at the same time called upon the Warlis to give up violence as the popular Government would look to their needs. He also called upon the Warlis to help Government in arresting mischievous elements, otherwise there was danger of 'Goonda Raj' coming up.

FRENCH "AUSTERITY BILL" PASSED

PARIS, June 25, (Reuter): The Council of the French Republic—the French Upper Chamber — today adopted the Government's "Austerity bill" by a vote of 140 for the Bill and 103 against.

The National Assembly had previously passed the "save the Franc" programme after a sixteen-hour debate by a vote of 301 to 241 after its adoption by the Finance Commission.

The Bill now goes to the President, M. Vincent Auriol, before becoming law.

Protest Against French Assembly Vote

PARIS, June 25, (Reuter): Four thousand workers at a chain of shoe stores and others in the French equivalent of the "sixpense to a shilling" stores and in the vast Felix Potin grocery chain stores today joined the wave of strikes which threatened to reach serious proportions after the Assembly's approval of M. Paul Ramadier's "austerity" proposals.

Besides these workers, others on strike today were: 30,000 miners in the northern coal mines, who downed tools yesterday as a rapid reaction to the Assembly vote.

All bank workers throughout the country, except those employed by the Bank of France; The staffs of three of Paris's largest departmental stores, who stopped work six days ago.

"JUST CONSEQUENCE OF UNJUST ACT"

Kripalani's Views On Partition Of Punjab And Bengal

NEW DELHI, June 24 (U. P. I.): While regarding the division of India into two States as a misfortune, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Congress President, characterised the partition of Bengal and the Punjab as "a just consequence of an unjust act" in an exclusive interview to the United Press of India special representative who approached him for his views on the situation arising out of the final decision about the partition of Bengal and the Punjab.

Acharya Kripalani, however, thought that now that the partition was an accomplished fact, it would do good to neither party to rake up the past and apportion blame.

The following is the full text of Acharya Kripalani's remarks: "For Congressmen to whom the unity of India is an article of faith, the proposed division of India into two States is a misfortune. But once this division was forced on us, the partition of Bengal and the Punjab was inevitable. It is just a consequence of an unjust act. However, now that the partition is an accomplished fact, it will do good to neither party to rake up the past and apportion blame. Our business should at present be to accept the inevitable without bitterness and make the best of what has happened. The sooner the separated parts begin to function independently the better for the both. Each will then realise the magnitude of constructive tasks that lie ahead of it and will have neither time nor energy for mutual recrimination."

LAHORE'S DANCE OF DEATH

Asked about the present situation in the Punjab, the Congress President said: "Reports from Lahore are shocking. The city is practically at the mercy of goondas and assassins. Those who are indulging in this dance of death are enemies of both Hindus and Muslims and must be treated as such. It is the duty of those who still are in effective control of India to take the most drastic measures to restore normal civilized life of the city. Those who worked up communal fury of ignorant masses must also accept the responsibility of controlling the passions they roused."

BENGAL HARIJAN'S FAST THREAT

CALCUTTA, June 25, (A.P.I.): The Bengal Scheduled Caste leader Mr. P. R. Thakur, M.L.A., says in a statement today that he has no alternative than to resort to a fast unto death if Mahatma Gandhi does not express a favourable opinion on the question of the inclusion of certain areas in the new province of West Bengal.

Mr. Thakur says that he met Mahatma Gandhi at the Bhangi Colony three weeks ago and laid before him "The sad and gloomy prospect of the Scheduled Castes living in the predominantly Hindu majority areas of the districts of Faridpur, Packergunge and Jessore" and that Mahatma Gandhi gave him a definite assurance that the interests of the Harijans would not be allowed to be ignored in case the partition of Bengal was finally decided upon.

Mr. Thakur continues that it is strongly rumoured that these areas are to be excluded from West Bengal in exchange for certain other areas. If Mahatma Gandhi keeps silent over this problem, Mr. Thakur says, he (Mr. Thakur) has no alternative than to undertake a fast upto death.

Calcutta Policemen Acquitted

CALCUTTA, June 25, (A.P.I.): Mr. Justice Roxburgh of the Calcutta High Court, agreeing with the majority verdict of the jury, acquitted today two armed police men—Mohammad Ali and Ghulam Hossain—of all the charges brought against them in connection with the incidents that occurred at no. 100, Harrison Road on the night of April 14 last.

TRAINING UP SOCIAL WORKERS

Kashi Vidyapith To Be Converted Into School Of Social Sciences

BENARES, June 25.

An order to provide highly qualified and well equiped social workers in the field of industrial labour, Kisan and other social welfare activities, it has been decided to convert the Kashi Vidyapith into a School of Social Sciences like Tata School of Social Sciences at Bombay.

Indian Envoy To International Congress Of Surgery

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Bomy R. B. Billimoria of Bombay has been invited to attend the International Congress of Surgery as a delegate from India.

Dr. Billimoria has been elected member of the International Society of Surgeons and a fellow of the Association of Surgeons of Great Britain and Ireland. He is the first Indian who has been given this distinction.

Profiteering In Saccharine

Sureshchandra Chotalal Mehta and Rameshchandra Chotalal Mehta have been respectively convicted and fined Rs. 4,000 or four months' simple imprisonment in default and three months' simple imprisonment and Rs. 1,000 or, in default one month's simple imprisonment, respectively for profiteering in Saccharine.

Sajuddin Mulla Taheralli has been convicted and sentenced to undergo eight months' simple imprisonment for profiteering in and unauthorised sale of rationed cloth. Sixteen other convictions were obtained in Bombay City during the week ended June 8, for breach of various control orders:—

Three for profiteering in, refusal to issue cash memo for and for failure to display price list of playing cards: Sultan Ali Fazal, Punjabhoy Ahmed, Amirali Essufbhoy.

12 INCIDENTS REPORTED FROM CALCUTTA

Assaults, Explosions & Arson Continue In Lahore

LAHORE, June 25 (A.P.I.): Five persons were assaulted this morning in Kucha Jogi Kanpattan, inside Lohari Gate in an incident. They were removed to hospital where condition of one of them is precarious. Another person who was in the party escaped injuries.

Extensive searches were carried out in Sanda Kalan, a suburb, where eight hours' curfew (4 a.m. to 12 noon) was specially imposed for the purpose. Nothing incriminating is reported to have been recovered. Fifteen persons were detained for interrogation.

Seven old fires were rekindled this morning in different parts of the city and up to 1 p.m. there were two cases of arson. An attempt was made to set fire to a house in Krishna Gali.

There was an explosion this morning in Dharampura on the Infantry Road, opposite a police picket. Sheikh Ghulam Ahmed, Cantonment Magistrate and a posse of police rushed to the scene. One house was searched.

EXPLOSION IN PLACE OF WORSHIP

RAWALPINDI CITY, June 25 (A. P. I.): A 16 years old boy was killed following an explosion which occurred last evening inside a room situated in the precincts of a place of worship.

Police arrived on the scene and are conducting investigations.

JULLUNDUR CASUALTY

JULLUNDUR, June 24 (A.P.I.): One person was fatally stabbed this morning near Mission compound. Two of the alleged culprits are reported to have been arrested.

INCIDENTS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 25 (A. P. I.): Reports of twelve incidents were received to-day from some parts of Calcutta. Deterent action by the police continued and some of the affected localities were placed under continuous curfew up to the morning of 27th June, says a Bengal Government Press Note issued to-night.

More than 50 arrests were made on the spot.

On one occasion the police had to open fire to disperse a mob in Amherst Street area where a beggar was assaulted. A serious case of shooting which proved fatal was also reported from Amherst Street area. Sixteen persons were taken to custody in this connection. Jorasanko Police Station reported two cases of bomb and acid throwing.

To-day's stray assaults totalled nine. The majority of these occurred in Muchipara, Bowbazar, Amherst Street and Jorasanko areas.

The casualty figures as reported up to 8-30 p.m. to-day are: One dead and 15 injured.

Howrah remained quiet.

Ten persons died and 30 others (Ten persons died and 30 others were injured in incidents to-day, according to a bulletin issued by the Indian National Ambulance Corps at 10 p.m. A bulletin issued earlier by the Relief Welfare Ambulance Corps puts to-day's casualty figure as eight killed and 15 injured. These figures have not been officially confirmed).

CURFEW IN THREE AREAS

Curfew has been ordered in three areas of Calcutta to-morrow by the Commissioner of Police, "as rioting and other breaches of the peace with loss of life are still continuing" in those areas.

Curfew from 6 a.m. to 7 p.m. to-morrow (to-day) has been imposed in an area of Amherst Street Police Station; and in two areas, one in Muchipara Police Station and the other in Taltalla Police Station. It is imposed from 5 a.m. to 9 p.m.

TWO FATALITIES AT JUBBULPORE

JUBBULPORE, June 25 (A. P. I.): Three stabbing cases of which two proved fatal took place in Jubbulpore within the last 24 hours.

Following the three stabbing incidents the District Magistrate of Jubbulpore has promulgated to-day curfew between 9-30 p.m. to 5 a.m. until further orders.

The Goonda Act which was suspended for sometime has been reinforced in the district.

The incidents are non-communal in nature.

SPORTING IN DIVIDED INDIA

Gupta Hopes Partition Will Not Disturb Existing Set-Up

CALCUTTA, June 25, (API): Mr. P. Gupta, Honorary Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, expressed the hope in an interview here that the sporting set-up as it existed today to control various branches of sport in India nationally would not be disturbed inspite of the partition of India.

Mr. Gupta added that the All-India Football Federation would in all likelihood immediately invite the representatives of All-India sporting organisations to take a decision on the future of sport in this country from the organisational point of view.

W.I.F.A.'s PROTEST

The W.I.F.A. has lodged a very strong protest against the action of the President and the Honorary Secretary of the All-India Football Federation for overriding the decision of the Annual General Meeting of staging the Inter Provincial Championships either in Calcutta or in Mysore, concluding on July 20. This action has been taken without consulting the members of the Federation.

The W.I.F.A. have been informed that the I.F.A. contemplate holding the competition in Calcutta about the middle of August, should conditions be favourable. They also understand that the change of plans which have the venue uncertain were made with the approval of the A.I.F.F. and the consent of Mysore, but without the prior reference to the general body of the A.I.F.F.

HENRICH SHIELD DRAW

The following is the draw of the Heinrich Shield Football Tournament which commences at the Coope-

MOVE TO AMEND TEXTILE CONTROL

C.R., Bhabha And Matthai In Conclave With Committee

NEW DELHI, June 25 (API).—The ture of Textile Control is believed to have been discussed by the Industries Committee of the Textile Control Board which met Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Industries and Supplies Member today. Mr. C. H. Bhabha and Dr. John Matthai also attended the meeting. The main purpose for which the Committee was convened in Delhi, it is understood, is to enable Government to discuss with the industrialists ways and means to step up production. The working of the control was also reviewed.

It is learnt that while Government would be prepared to consider suggestions to amend the present controls in certain respects, they would retain supervision over production as also the varieties of cloth manufactured.

These discussions with the Government will be continued tomorrow.

"MONTY" LEAVES FOR CEYLON

NEW DELHI, June 25, (API): Field-Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of Imperial General Staff, left for Ceylon by air this morning.

News In Brief

BATAVIA, June 25, (Reuter): A Dutch aviation commission left Batavia today for Nanking where it will discuss with Chinese aviation authorities the conclusion of an air agreement between the Netherlands and China.

CALCUTTA, June 25, (A. P. I.): Clerical and lower subordinate staff of the University of Calcutta numbering about 250 observed a one-day strike today as a protest against the attitude of the authorities in regard to their demand for increment in pay and fixation of grades in service.

KURE, June 25, (A. P. A.): The Indian hospital ship, "Amarapoora", arrived after disembarking 500 Japanese from Singapore at Ujina. The vessel is leaving this week for Hongkong with a small number of Indian and British patients.

ROME, June 25, (U. P. A.): The Argentine Embassy today announced that Senora Eva Duarte Peron has postponed her departure from Spain 24 hours and will arrive in Rome tomorrow evening. The announcement surprised both Argentina and Italian official Government circles.

CANBERRA, June 25, (U. P. A.): Women and men welfare workers and an immigration officer are leaving here for India to supervise the comforts and amenities provided British migrants leaving India (Bombay) for Australia abroad the "Manoora" in July.

VATICAN CITY, June 25, (U. P. A.): The Consistorial Congregation of the Holy See today imposed the ban of major ex-communication on the Yugoslav Communists who committed "sacrilegious aggression" against Bishop Anton Santin of Trieste on June 19. Santin was attacked by a C Communist crowd at Capodistria, 12 miles south of Trieste, in the Yugoslav zone of Venezia Giulia. He suffered abrasions and bruises about the head and face and loss of blood.

LONDON, June 25, (U. P. A.): Dr. B. C. Roy of Bengal sailed for the United States abroad the "Queen Elizabeth" today.

LONDON, June 25, (U. P. A.): A Government sourced confirmed today that "present indications are that the five-day week in the coal mining industry is a failure in some districts.

NEW DELHI, June 25, (A. P. I.): The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has nominated Mr. Tulsidas Kilachand, Bombay, and Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah, Bombay, to represent it on the reconstituted Export Advisory Council.

HYDERABAD, (DN.), June 25, (A. P. I.): Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress has formed the Working Committee of the Hyderabad State Congress, which consists of 14 members. Mr. J. K. Pranashacharya was nominated as the Gen. Secretary.

POONA, June 25, (A. P. I.): Mr. Shankerrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Unification Conference, announces that the meeting of the Executive Committee of the conference which was to be held at Akola in July 1, has been postpond. The date of the meeting will be announced later.

DAMASCUS, June 25, (Reuter): Riad El Solh, Prime Minister of the Lebanon and Hamid Franjie, his Foreign Minister, arrived in Damascus today to discuss the Palestine question with the Syrian Government.

NEW DELHI, June 25, (U. P. I.): Nearly 75,000 refugees, mostly from Gurgaon, Western Punjab and Frontier have so far arrived in Delhi according to figures available from the Office of the Controller of Rationing.

rage on June 27:—

Top Half: Dockyard vs. Goan Sports Club; Trades vs. Firestone; R.A.F. vs. G.I.P. Railway; Somersets bye.

Bottom Half: Rangers vs. K.O.Y.L.I., bye; Tatas vs. Movement Control bye.

Plans For Development Of Indian Shipping

Walchand Explains Objects Of His Mission To London

The following is the text of a speech delivered by Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Leader of the Indian Shipping Delegation to the United Kingdom, at a reception held in his honour by Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, at the premises of the Chamber, on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Ratilal and Friends,—It is really very kind of you, Mr. Ratilal, to have accorded this reception on the eve of my departure to London as the Leader of the Indian Shipping Delegation. I am thankful to you for thus giving me an opportunity to meet so many of our leading businessmen and friends. I also deeply appreciate the generous expressions in which you have praised my service to the cause of Indian shipping.

We are not going to London on our own initiative and of our own accord. Our Delegation has been, as you know, appointed by the Government of India as a result of their talks with the British Government. We, however, do not know the nature of the conversations held between the two Governments. We are also not aware of the attitude and approach of the British Government towards the expansion of Indian shipping even in India's own overseas trades.

DOMINANCE OF BRITISH SHIPPING

As you are aware, it is British shipping that yet dominates India's maritime trades. According to the Report of the Imperial Shipping Committee issued in 1939, 95 per cent of the export cargo from the U. K. to India and over 99.5 per cent of the export cargo from India to the U. K. was carried in British ships in 1936 and 1937. The same position more or less holds good even to-day. It will, therefore, be obvious that, unless British shipping agrees to withdraw its tonnage from the Indian trades which it has dominated till date, Indian shipping can make very little permanent progress in the matter of carrying India's overseas trades. I would have, therefore, wished that the proposed negotiations should have been carried on at Government level, and the fundamental lines of expansion of Indian shipping in India's maritime trades on the basis of co-operation and goodwill should have been settled by the two Governments.

INDIA GOVERNMENT'S INITIATIVE

Our Government, however, have asked the Indian shipowners to proceed to London and to explore the possibilities of effecting satisfactory arrangements for the participation of Indian shipping in the carriage of India's overseas trades. We are, therefore, going there in response to the invitation and desire of our own Government. We are fully conscious, however, of the complexities of the problem and the difficulties of our task. To proceed to London on a mission of such vital importance to the future of India and as a Government-sponsored Delegation, without any knowledge of the nature of the talks between the two Governments which are responsible for the arrangement of the forthcoming conversations is, I am sure you will realise, not a matter of small handicap to us in the discharge of the onerous duties with which we have been entrusted. Nevertheless we shall do our utmost to serve our country and to serve the cause which we represent to the best of our ability and judgment.

BASIS OF LONDON TALKS

It is a matter of some satisfaction that our Government have agreed that the fundamental basis of our negotiations in London should be the recommendations made by the Shipping Policy Sub-Committee and generally approved by the main Shipping Policy Committee appointed by the Government of India. These recommendations visualise the carriage of over ten million tons of cargo and over two lakhs of passengers in ships owned, controlled and managed by Indians, during the course of the next 5 or 7 years. We shall, no doubt, therefore, proceed to arrive at an understanding with the British shipping interests on the above vital basis which has been approved both by the people and the Government of this country.

We, however, do not know how the British shipping interests will respond to the above fair and just proposal for the expansion of Indian shipping in India's overseas trades. Their attitude is an uncertain factor. The manner in which the British shipping Lines trading with India have been building new tonnage to maintain and expand their existing services, and the vigour with which efforts are being made to make the producers and the consumers in the two countries believe that they will suffer from inefficient and costly service if Indian shipping were allowed to take the place of British shipping, do not inspire the hope that our friends across the seas are genuinely anxious to accept our hand of friendship and work with us in a true spirit of co-operation and goodwill. I am sorry to say this. But these are facts. I, however, do not wish to prophesy a break-down of our talks. It will be our endeavour at least, I assure you, in spite of what is happening elsewhere, to do our best to arrive at an understanding which may be just and fair to this country.

As you have very rightly stated, our target is to own 2 million gross tons of Indian shipping during the course of the next five or seven years. It is obvious that without ships we cannot carry on the trades that we have in view. We may, therefore, be confronted with a question from friends across the seas: "Where have you got the tonnage which is necessary to carry the trades that you have been asking for?" I know it is difficult to produce all this tonnage overnight. I also do not wish to minimise the difficulties of securing tonnage from other countries. It is true that Indian shipping companies have got 11 ships from America, but that is only a drop in the ocean. It is an encouraging sign of the times however, that our Government are prepared to help us in getting such tonnage from other countries as may be available and as may be suitable for our requiremenst. In view of the embargo put on the sales of ships by the British Ministry of Transport and of the stiffening attitude of the American Government in the disposal of their surplus tonnage, there is no doubt that the question of obtaining suitable ships bristles with considerable difficulties.

REDEEMING FEATURES

The situation, however, is not without its redeeming features. It is really encouraging for the development of Indian shipping and augurs well for the navy of supply of the future that a number of Indian shipping companies has come into existence.

There has been a wide awakening in the country in regard to India's need for Indian ships. That awakening has found practical expression in the endeavours that have been put forth all round for acquiring or building ships and running them in India's trades. I understand from reliable quarters that India's tonnage, which was only a little over a lakh of tons gross just before the war, has now increased to nearly 3 lakhs of tons gross. I am also told that the building or acquiring of half a million tons gross of further tonnage is under active contemplation and consideration by the different Indian shipping companies that are in the field. We shall need all the help and encouragement of our Government both for the acquisition as well as for the building up of the tonnage that we require.

ORDERS FOR NEW SHIPS

It is not easy to place orders for building ships in the United Kingdom. Their berths are fully occupied. Although that country is building today over 20 per cent of the tonnage under construction in its yards for foreign countries, very few ships are being built in that land on account of India. May I, therefore, request the Government of India to do all they can to enable Indian shipowners to place their orders for the building of ships in the United Kingdom?

As you know, we have got a Shipbuilding Yard at Vizag. We are building two ocean-going ships in that Yard at present. With all the kind thoughts of our present Government for the efforts that we are putting forth, the materials do not flow fast. The quotas of steel allotted to us are often cancelled. Labour must be continued to be paid. You will easily understand our difficulties in the matter of speedy construction of ships in our own country. If, however, the Government pursues an active and effective policy for helping the Indian shipping companies in acquiring or building tonnage abroad and if they give promptly and continuously all the facilities and help which the Indian shipbuilding industry needs, I venture to predict that neither will the Indian capital be slow in forthcoming nor will the Indian enterprise fail to respond quickly to do its duty for enabling Indian shipping companies to own a couple of million tons gross of shipping during the course of the next five or seven years. The situation, however, requires vigilant watchfulness, continuous adjustments and prompt and effective help from the Government of this country.

TASK AHEAD

I do not wish, gentlemen, to prolong my remarks. There are, however, one or wo points of special importance, having a vital bearing on the task which we have undertaken, to which I would like to invite your special attention. The policy of negotiations may succeed or may fail. I, however, share the considered opinion of the Shipping Policy Sub-Committee that "the policy of negotiations alone cannot develop national shipping." Like the members of that Committee, I hold the view that like other important maritime countries of the world, India will have to take a militant view of her responsibilities and obligations towards national shipping." Along with the members of that Committee, I would also urge with all the emphasis at my command that in any plan that they may prepare to ensure the building up of an Indian merchant navy, the Government of India should be prepared to adopt all such measures including financial assistance for the development of Indian shipping as has been adopted by the leading maritime countries of the world, such as Great Britain and the United States of America.

But the question is will the Government of India be able to adopt all such measures if they join the proposed Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization? One of the vital objects of this proposed Organisation is to ensure that there should be no discrimination by any Government in the matter of shipping. In plain language, although both America and Great Britain have adopted upto now a number of discriminatory measures to build up their own merchant navies, they would now call upon such countries like India whose shipping is in a stage of infancy, to agree that it will not give any such assistance for the development of its own shipping as has enabled the United Kingdom and America to develop their shipping in the past. To agree to such a policy—which will be nothing but a suicidal policy of inaction for countries whose shipping is in its early stage of growth—will be to nip in the bud the growth of Indian shipping and to prevent it from marching further on its right and legitimate path of expansion. I, therefore, hope that our Government will not join an organisation the object of which is to prevent backward maritime countries like India from developing their own national navy of supply.

It is also quite essential that the Government of India should take effective steps to secure a place for shipping on the agenda of the International Conference on Trade and Employment. As observed by the Shipping Policy Sub-Committee, the Government of India will have to put up "a firm fight for enabling India to acquire her proper share of shipping if she is to play her real role in the reconstruction and expansion of world trade." I am, however, told that the subject referring to the promotion of national shipping was excluded from the agenda of that Conference when it met in London in October last. Similar efforts, I am told, are being made now that the Conference is sitting in Geneva. It is preposterous that countries of the world should meet for promoting the international trade of the world and at the same time agree to exclude shipping from their consideration although it is admitted by all that without the expansion and development of shipping, no country can contribute effectively towards the expansion of world trade. I would, therefore, appeal to our Government that they should see that no action is taken at that Conference which may prevent the legitimate expansion of Indian shipping in the future.

And now I have done. Let me thank you, Mr. Ratilal, and let me thank you, gentlemen, for doing me this honour this afternoon. I assure you that despite the difficulties and the complexities of the task with which we have been entrusted it is indeed a matter of satisfaction and encouragement to us that we carry with us the good wishes of this Chamber and friends like you for the success of the mission for which we will shortly be leaving for London.

Arrested On Charge Of Breach Of Ration Control Order

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

For alleged breach of food rationing order, Beliram Shobharam and Fulchand Inderji were arrested by the Princess Street Police yesterday.

It is stated that Beliram purchased ten pounds of sugar from the second accused who is the owner of a grain shop, at Re. 1-4as. while the controlled price is 3 as. 6 pa.

The accused was produced today before Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, when he was ordered to be released on bail.

Arrested For Alleged Breach Of Cloth Control Order

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Abheychand Premchand was arrested by the Princess Street Police yesterday on a charge of breach of cloth rationing order.

The Civil Supplies Inspector, who raided the shop of the accused, found, it is stated, a large quantity of cloth for which the latter could not account for satisfactorily.

The accused was released on bail today by Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Station.

12 Arrested In Gambling Raid

BOMBAY Wednesday

A surprise raid by the Police on an alleged gambling house in Peru Havaldar Lane led to the arrest of twelve men on Monday night.

It is stated by the Police that Akbar Shah, one of the accused, is the man, who ran the show. During the raid he and one of his lieutenants were caught with 5 packs of playing cards and Rs 275-2-6 in cash, which they tried to hide in their pockets.

The accused persons were brought up before Mr J M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court yesterday, and ordered to be released on bail.

BREEZE BETWEEN R. K. NEHRU AND CLOW

SHANGHAI, June 25 (A.P.A.): A breeze between Mr. R K. Nehru, the Indian delegate, and Sir Andrew Clow for the United Kingdom, marked the proceedings of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East yesterday.

Delegates finally agreed to collect information on the economic reconstruction of Asia and the Far East and assigned the task to the secretariat, over strong Russian opposition.

The meeting was marked by numerous amendments to the sub-committee's draft resolution on work to be done by what is essentially an advisory mission.

Mr. Nehru remarked at one point that the Commission was groping in the dark.

Sir Andrew Clow for the United Kingdom, after he had been requested repeatedly by Nehru to amend the previous amendment, ended the discussion with the statement that he was unable to satisfy his Indian colleague.

IRANIAN KING'S BROTHER MISSING

NEW YORK, June 25 (A.P.A.): Prince Hamid Reza Pahlevi, younger brother of the Shah of Iran has been missing from his suite in the Drake Hotel at Park Avenue, New York, since 20.30 (local time) Monday the police reported yesterday.

They said the report of the Prince's disappearance was made by his brother, Prince Abdul Reza Pahlevi, who recently graduated from Harvard University.

Eisenhower Elected President Of Columbia University Board

NEW YORK, June 24 (U.P.A.). The Columbia University Board of Trustees today announced that General Dwight D. Eisenhower was elected president.

The university is one of the world's largest and wealthiest institutions of higher learning.

General Eisenhower has today accepted the presidency of Columbia University to become effective at such time as his official superiors may release him from active duty in the army. While this date cannot be accurately foreseen, it is probable that with no radical change in the current outlook it should be sometime during the first half of 1948.

Eisenhower has been Chief of Staff since November 21, 1945. He is 57 years of age and succeeded General George C. Marshall, now Secretary of State.

The War Department did not discuss who would succeed Eisenhower as Chief of Staff, but Eisenhower and other War Department leaders let it be understood that the successor probably will be General Omar Bradley, now Veteran Administrator.

3 Iraqui Communists To Die

BAGHDAD, June 25 (A.P.A.): Three alleged members of the Iraqi communist party were condemned to death by the Iraqi High Court yesterday, the first time that communists have been sentenced to death since the establishment of the Iraqi national administration.

They were Yusuf Salman, leader of the party and Naji Shummel and Saki Basim, members of the central committee.

Ten more were sentenced to 15 years imprisonment and 17, including three women, were acquitted. Two more women were sentenced to 11 months imprisonment with a suspension of the gaol term.

The High Court based its condemnation on "establishing a secret communist party, propagating communism among more than one civilian and members of the armed forces, and contacting foreign communist parties.

Moneylenders Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Babutmal Gamaji, a money-lender residing at Second Marine Street, and his son, Pokhraj Babutmal, were arrested by the Police yesterday on a charge of having sold certain rationed articles while not being licensed dealers. The money-lender's shop was raided by the Police who, it is stated found rice, sugar and certain other articles stored there.

The accused were today released on bail by Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate Esplanade Police Court.

Shooting Case Judgment: Muslim Mill Workers Protest

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

As a protest against the sentence of death passed on two persons involved in the Kalbadevi Shooting Case by Mr. Justice Weston of the Bombay High Court, about 800 Muslim workers of the Indian Manufacturing Mill went on strike today. The mill therefore had to work with a partial complement.

As a result of the 32-hour Curfew clamped down on the Parel-Dadar area last night owing to two knife attacks hur Mill at Dadar remained closed on the previous night the Gold Motoday

M.D. Course In G. S. Medical College

It has been proposed to start M.D course in the Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College, Bombay. The classes will be held twice a year for a period of three months each time.

The scheme is awaiting the sanction of the Bombay Municipal Standing Committee and the approval of the Corporation.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

BOMBAY Wednesday.

Dr. Henry F. Grady, Ambassador-Designate for U.S.A., and Mrs. Grady Miss R. L. Buchhous Secretary Lt.-Colonel C. E. Caple, U.S. Military Air Attache, and Captain William Reynolds, U. S Assistant Air Attache have left.

Mr. D. Y Fell and Mr. A. A. A Fyzee lunched at Government House.

The Governor of Bombay received the Hon. Chief Justice of Bombay.

HEMO DRAKSO MALT

acts in 2 ways

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD. BARODA

YOU'RE MILES AHEAD WITH GOODYEAR GIANT AND PASSENGER CAR TYRES

• GREATER NON-SKID SAFETY •
• GREATER CORD BODY STRENGTH •
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FOLDING PORTABLE BRIDGES

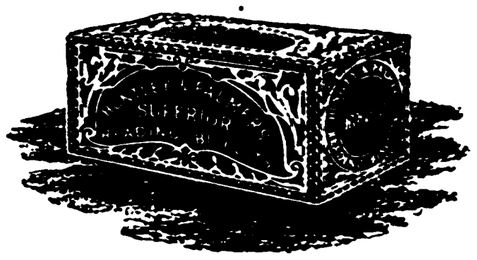
Rubber Floats capacity—12 tons and 6 tons with repair kit in carrying case—suitable for emergency bridge building or transporting bullock carts or lorries across rivers and canals. Hunting Boats for 3, 5 and 10 men with plastic everlasting bladder weighing only 19 lbs. with carrying case—complete with repair kit.

OTHER ATTRACTIONS.

1 One fully equipped new American Laundry plant, cases packed.
2 Steel High Flow-Galvanised Wire ropes of all different sizes
3 House lighting Generators—3 K.V.A. Complete with Engine, Transformer Safety Switches, Frictions and Rubber Tapes, other miscellaneous Electrical Goods and Electric vertical motors 5 H.P. 220 A.C. 3 Phase and single Phase.
4 Canvas Tanks—3,000 gallons capacity complete with fittings, very useful for P.W.D and other construction works. Also for cotton and spinning mills for temporary storage of small manufactured articles. Water pressure tanks 42 and 52 gallons capacity with five one inch openings
5 Wash Basins and Urinals with 2 fittings complete.
6 Rubber and Canvas Hose pipes all sizes and description, Plumbers furnaces and lead sleeves for connecting pipes and taps.
7 RADIO TUBES OF ALL DIFFERENT TYPES.
8 All sorts of welding equipment such as welding Goggles, shields, Lenses and Rods.
9. Big lot of Steel Brass, Copper Fibre and Fabric assorted Washers.
10 All kinds of Pully Blocks and Snatches, for Wire ropes and Coir Ropes in different sizes.
11 Insulating paico Wool wood fibre good for cold storage and House insulation—American make:
12 Unique opportunity for tradesmen and technicians in carpentary, Tool—kits complete with entire requirements—all of the best American make—first imported in India ready for your selection.

Cases just unpacked enquiries solicited.—

V. MADHUKAR & CO.,
48, EZRA STREET, CALCUTTA
Phone: B. B. 1376 and B. B. 171.

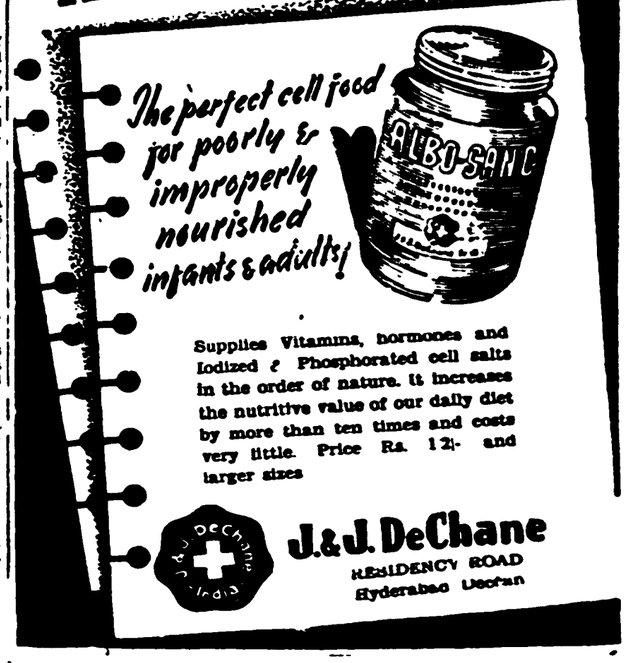


A Welcome Return
HUNTLEY & PALMERS
Biscuits are back in limited supplies

HUNTLEY & PALMERS LTD., READING, ENGLAND

Agents: SPENCER & Co., Ltd throughout India

ALBO-SANG



Steel And Textile Shares Decline In Quiet Market

SHARP RISE IN COTTON PRICES IN LATE TRADING

Active Professional Buying In Silver

Bombay, June 25

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady to-day with a restricted turnover. Several operators prefer to await reliable labour news from Jamshedpur where it is said that some discontent prevails. So far there is no official confirmation of market fears but anyhow there is less inclination to operate at present and the market is moving without any definite price tendency.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1990 and declined at Rs. 1965 on scattered liquidation but recovered at Rs. 1977/8 on short covering. Ordinary shares opened at Rs 392 and declined at Rs. 388 Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1095 and quiet-

	Range. Rs.	Diff Rs.
Tata Steel Dfd.	45	—30
Tata Steel Ord.	8	—5 8
Dyeing	35	—25
Kohinoor	9	— 4
Swadeshi	12	— 6
Nagpur	4	— 3
Simplex	14	—12
New Great	10	nil
Gokak	4	+ 1
Indore	10	— 4

ened at Rs. 1080. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 650 and after declining at Rs 643 rallied at Rs. 648.

In the absence of any buying support the market again sagged on further long liquidation. The feeble rally failed to attract any important support and Tata Steel Defds declined at Rs. 1945 which was the lowest level for the day. Thereafter there was a small rally and Defds stood at Rs. 1960 while Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 388. Bombay Dyeings quietened at Rs. 1.070 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 643 and Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 345. Central Banks sagged at Rs. 96/14 while Scindia shares stood at Rs. 31/4. Associated Cements also were quiet at Rs. 169.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1015 Kohinoor 645 Swadeshi 648 Nagpur 304 Simplex 342 New Great 391 Gokak 332 Indore 577/8 Century 985 Colaba 242 8 I. Bleaching 155 Swan 350 Finlay 307 Morarji 602/8 Edward 680 Meyer 236 4 Apollo 4/4 I. U. Ord. 15 12 I U Dfd. 3 Madhusudan 305 Podder 310 Khatau 315.

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 386 Tata Steel Dfd 1950 Second Pref. 163/8.

CEMENT

Associated Merger 169.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 457/8 Belapur 268 Shivrajpur 38 Scindia 31/5 Construction 198 Tata Chemical 14/13 Tata Oil 69 Indian Iron 34/6 Bengal Steel 28.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 115/8 Tata Hydro 175/8 Andhra 1615 Tata Power 1690.

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 90 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 290 Dawn 1602/8 David 147 New City 223/12 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Dfd.) 8 Bharat 51 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 192/8 Laxmi 1575 Vishnu 597/8 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 6185 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4125, Tata 74/12 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 80 New Union 18 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 125 Kohinoor Cpn. 70.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 160 (New) 110 Surat 243/12 New Prem 160 Karachi 132/8 Broach 12/1 Ajmer 13 Amalgamated 20/4 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 207/8 Bombay Suburban 155 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem 90.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 118/12 Imperial 2255 P p 558/12 Central X. R. 95 8 Coupon 21 India 233/8 Union 10/8 Baroda 165 Habib 159/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 77 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 48 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ord) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental X. D. 5650 Empire 810 New India 82 Jupiter 25 Vulcan 14/8 Indian Mercantile 57/8 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS.

G. P. 110 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. D 595 Steamer 542 8 Burma New 160 Burma Petrol 3/15 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 75 Kemp 460 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 105/6 Wimco 278/12 Dharamsey Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 11/4 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 65 A. C. C. New 53/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 825

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref) 208/12 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1375 Tata Power 1435 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 815 Laxmi 367/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 121/4 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 123 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata* Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, June 25.

MILLS

Apollo 4/4 4/2 6 4 3 4 1/6 4/3 4/2/6 4/2

Bharat 50/12 51

B. Dyeing 1095 72/8 83/12 81/4 83/6 65

C India 307 8 5 7 4

E. Textiles 680 77/8 80

Finlay 308 6/8 9 5 7

Gokak 335 32 36 32

I. U. Defd. 3/1 3/1/6 3

I U. Ord. 16 2 15 12 16 15/12

Indore 182/8 87 8 82/8 85 77/8

Kohinoor 648 52 47 48 45 47 43 44 43 46 45 48 47 49 45

Meyer 236/4 37/8 36/4

Minerva 211/14

Morarji 602 8

New Great 392 97 87 91

Simplex 356 50 51 48 50/8 50 51 42

Swadeshi 652 41 46 44 48 41 42

Tata Mills 77 74/12

Vishnu 600 597 8

BANKS

Baroda 166 65

Central 97 95 12 96 95 8

Imperial New 562 8 58/12

India 234 33/8

Reserve 120 18/12

U. Commercial 77/8 78/8 77

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 160

B. Tram. Ord. 116 15/8 16 15/8

Hydro 176 75 75/8

Power 1685 90

Power Pref. 1435

Ajmer Elec. 13

INSURANCE

Jupiter 25

New India 82/8 81/12 82

Vulcan 15 14/8

Oriental 5650

STEAMER

B. Steam 540 42/8

Scindia 31/7 31/8 31/4 31/6 31/5

STEEL

B Steel 28/6 28/10 28/2 28/6 28

I. Iron 35 2 34 8 34/11 34/9 34/10 34/6

Tata Defd 1995 75 82/8 75 80 67/8 75 65 72 8 67/8 77 8 40 50

Tata Ord. 393 88 89 8 86

IInd Pref. 164 63 8

MICELLANEOUS

Alcock 575 600 595

A. C. C. Old 171 8 70 70 8 69 69/8 69

A. C. C. New 54 54/8 53/8

Belapur 270 68 69 68

B B. Old 475 71/4 72/8 68/12 70 57/8

B. B. New 162/8 63/12 60

B. B. Perol 3/15/3 3/15

I. Bleaching 155

I. I. Trust 105 5/8

Port Canning 75

P. Construction 199 97/8 98 97 99 97

Shivrajpur 38

Tata Chemical 14/10 14/14 14/10 14/13

Tata Oil 73 68 70 69

Wimco 280 80 8 77 8 81/4 78/12

Kemp Co. 470 60

SPECIAL

Kohinoor Coupon 79 71 70

Central Bank Coupon 22 21

Hindustan Commercial Bank 48

Ahmedabad Elec. New 111 4 10

Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/5 B. I. C. 9/12 Burma Corporation 4 7 New Victoria 5 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 32 Phalton 110 Gold Mohur 370 Kaiser-i-Hind 400 Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 280 Adamshahi 250 Air Services 15 Air India 180 Birla Motor 8 Marshal 7/8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, June 25

Tata Ordinary 386; Tata Deferred 1950; Indian Iron 34/6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28; Bombay Dyeing 1065; Central India 303/12; Gokak 331/14; Kohinoor 645; Simplex 342; Swadeshi 641/14; Tata Power 1690; Associated Cement 169; Belapur 268/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 457/8; Scindia 31/5; Central Bank 95/10 New India 81/14; Tata 2nd Pref. 163/12.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, June 25

The produce market was fairly firm to-day with increased activity on either side. It appears that some operators are trying to push up prices as a result of absence of rains but others believe that rains can make or mar the next crop and has not much to do with present situation.

Castorseeds September delivery opened to-day at Rs. 146/8 and declined at Rs. 145/12 on profit-taking but advanced at Rs. 146/8 on renewed buying and steadied at Rs. 146/5. Linseed July/August was quoted at Rs. 28/11 and September delivery was quoted at Rs. 28/12. Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 33 while Coromandal and Bold were quoted at Rs. 32.

BENGAL TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. 4,00,00,000 of three months' Government of Bengal Treasury Bills were opened on Wednesday, the 25th June. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,00,00,000.

Tenders at Rs. 99-14-0 were accepted in full. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000. the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-8-0 per annum.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 25

The local Bullion market was active to-day with increased buying and selling mostly of speculative nature.

It appears that the market is sharply divided into two groups and each one is trying to turn the market in its favour. Professional operators with their extensive resources are in a position to dictate prices and it remains to be seen whether bulls force shorts to cover.

Forward Silver opened to-day at Rs. 173 and declined at Rs. 171/4 on heavy selling but at the decline bulls supported the market and Forward Silver rallied at Rs. 172/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 172/8.

Forward Gold opened to-day at Rs. 115/8 and declined at Rs. 114/14 on general liquidation but recovered at Rs. 115/6 on active buying. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/10 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/4.

Later on there was further buying and Forward Silver improved at Rs. 173 while Gold was steady at Rs. 115/6.

The market finally closed as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p
Ready Silver	74	8	0
Settlement Silver	174	8	0
Ready Gold	115	8	0
Settlement Gold	115	4	0
Sovereigns	74	8	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 25

The local cotton market was quietly steady to-day with moderate business passing.

As a mark of respect to the death of a member of the Association the market was scheduled to close early and naturally there was absence of any aggressive action.

At the opening September was quoted at Rs. 448/8 and moderate buying and scattered covering hardened September option at Rs. 449. At this level the demand was satisfied and the market quietened at Rs. 448/12.

Thereafter there was moderate buying and September delivery advanced at Rs. 449/12. Towards the close there was slight realising and the market finally closed at 2-30 p.m. as under:—

In the afternoon unfounded rumours of removal of cloth control induced heavy buying and privately September after touching Rs. 452 stood at Rs. 451-8.

I.C.C. July ..... Rs 437 2 0

I.C.C. September 449 10 0

HIGH LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY June 24.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
July	437 3/4	434 1/4	436-5/8
Sept.	450 1/2	445-1/2	448-5/8
Karachi 4F July	(not received)		

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September contract is 1460 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, June 24.

July	36.70+97
October	31.90+12
October Highest	32.08+30
October Lowest	31.72+06
December	30.87+12
January	30.41+11
March	30.22+10
May	29.73+11
Middling Spot	37.74—13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

July	36.75+12
October	31.93+19
December	30.89+18
March	30.22+16
May	29.75+25
Middling Spot	37.25—15

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, June 24

July	2.17 to 2.16-3/4
September	2.13 to 2.12-3/4
December	2.11-7/8 to 2.11-7/8
May	2.09-1/4 to 2.09-1/4

LONDON WHEAT.

London, June 24

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 June-July quoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 24.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	92
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	111-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	105-7/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	117-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 p c	119-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	112-1/2
National Bank of India	36-1/2

ADDITION OF 11 COUNTRIES TO MEMBERSHIP

WASHINGTON, June 24, (UPA): Mr. L. A. Wheeler, Chairman of the International Wheat Council, today announced that eleven countries had been added to the Council membership, bringing the total to 24. The new countries are: Austria, Czechoslovakia, Dominican Republic, Greece, Ireland, Mexico, New Zealand, Peru, Poland, Portugal and Uruguay.

He said that serious consideration will be given soon after January 1st, 1948, to the question of an international wheat agreement with a view to bringing such agreement into effect for the following crop year. He added that the Council has authorised the Chairman, if it appears possible to make progress on this proposal, to call a Council meeting between September and November this year to consider what action might be taken next January.

Trade And Mills Buying Against Textile Orders

New York Cotton Futures 7 To 12 Points Up

NEW YORK, June 24, (U.P.A.): Spasmodically active trading and erratic prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Prices seesawed over a range of dol. 1.85 per bale responding to small orders either way, and reacted sharply after early steadiness, influenced by the weakness in securities and uneasiness over the labour situation, but firmed again at the close of the market on the resumption of trade and mill buying against textile orders.

MINERS WALK OUT

The walk out of coal miners as a protest against the overriding by the Senate of the President's veto of the Labour Bill threatened steel and automobile production. Fears that the labour resentment will mean additional strikes are overclouding the industrial picture. It is realized that any prolonged interruption of mining eventually would affect textile production.

Today's session opened two to eight higher. Prices faltered temporarily after the opening and then surged up 32 to 35 points from the lows. Prices eased sharply in the mid-afternoon and then firmed again to close a net seven to 12 higher. The forenoon upswing reflected the covering in July and reports that Thomas Jordan was a heavy buyer in New Orleans, presumably covering the sales put out yesterday.

TEXTILE DEMAND

The sustained demand in the textile markets plus expectations of a higher mid-June parity price report on Friday, the anticipated acceptances by the Army of 20,000 bales for shipment to Japan and the inflationary sentiment were supporting influences. The situation in July was apparently losing its effect as the prime market influence. Initial tenders today were limited to one contract in New York and four in New Orleans. The lightness of tenders was below trade expectations and emphasized the tight old crop supply situation. A leading spot firm was only a routine participant today. It sold a limited volume in July when October broke through the 32 cent level. New York Cotton merchants were reported to have received advice from Alexandria that Egypt's cotton exports in the first nine months of the season approximated 748,000 bales versus 263,000 bales during the same period last year. Damage from leaf-worms was not reported to be serious, but it was indicated that the threatened damage from this source was still present.

The market sentiment temporarily is more two-sided because of the labour uncertainties, but usually accurate observers still favour the upside on inflationary sentiment which is based partly on the prospect of Government loans to bolster weak political structures overseas and the outlook for a higher crop loan next season.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 20th day of June:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	36 97.13 000
Notes in circulation	1227.40.50,000
Total Notes issued	1264.37,63.000
Total Liabilities	1264.37.63.000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:— (a) Held in India	44.41.45.000
Sterling Securities	1135,32.89,000
Total of A	1179.74.34.000
B Rupee Coin	26.79.16,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57.84.14.000
Total Assets	1264.37.63.000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.306 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5.00.00,000
Reserve Fund	5.00.00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	395,76,06.000
(2) Other Government Accounts	13.88,12.000
(b) Banks	97,81,58.000
(c) Others	24.60.17.000
Bills Payable	2.94.41,000
Other Liabilities	19.03.88,000
Total Rs.	564.04 24.000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Notes	36,97.13.000
Rupee Coin	10.91.000
Subsidiary Coin	1.68.000
Government Treasury Bills	53.97.000
Balances held abroad *	445.55.42 000
Loans and Advances to Governments	5.24 00.000
Other Loans and Advances	20.75.000
Investments	69.69.26 000
Other Assets	5.71.09.000
Total Rs.	564 04.24 000

* Includes Cash & Short term Securities.

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR

CALCUTTA, June 25.

On the Calcutta Stock Exchange today Government securities continues quiet while other shares kept quiet but steady. The following are today's final transactions up to 2 p.m.

GOVT. SECURITIES:— Three per cent loan 1986 101/6 three percent loan 49/52 102/8 three per cent loan 51/54 102/8 sl. three per cent loan 63 65 102/3 three per cent loan 53/55 102/14.

COTTONS:— Cawnpore Textile 10/14 Benares Cotton 8/2 Dunbar 300 Elgin Mills 72/2 New Victoria 5/5.

COALS:— Bengal 653 Bhalgora 18/4 Central India 14/8 Burrakur 36/4 Churulia 7/2 Equitable 55/2 South Karanpura 40 Western Bengal 11/10.

JUTES:— Alliance 401 Howrah 79/8 Kamarhatty 670 Kanknarrah 552 sl Kinnison 425 National 32 Presidency 9/4.

ENGINEERINGS: Braitwaite 17/8 Iron and Steel 34/15 Jessopand Co. 25/14 National Iron and Steel 11 8 Sr... Saran Eng. 12/2 Textile Machinery 12/9 Sl. Steel Corpn. 28/6.

MISCELLANEOUS:— Bisra Stone Lime 60 Burma Corpn. 4/7 Consolidated Tin 3/2 Indian Copper 3/9 Karanpura development 43/6 Tovoy Tin 2/1 Assam Bengal Cement 13/4 Sone Valley 11/14 Alkali and Chemical 26/4 Calcutta Electric 31/2 New Asiatic Insurance 9 Alluminium Corpn. 10/10 Bic 9/14 F and C Osler 14/10 Indian Alluminium 262 Indian Cable 38/4 Indian National Airways 13/14 Ct. Jardine Henderson 196 Sl. Martin Burn 22/4 Sl. Metal Corpn. 7/14 National Tobacco 48/12 B. B. Petroleum 3/15 Titaghur Paper 46/8 Midnapore Zemindary 130 Assam Saws 9 5 India General Navigation 185 S. India Steamship 15/14.

TEAS: Centralcachar 139 Chandypore 250 Thandacherri 24/8.

WALL STREET MARKET CLOSES EARLY

NEW YORK, June 24

The stock market managed to maintain equilibrium with yesterday's expectations of a further advance on the labour bill becoming law being nullified by organised labour's reaction to the new legislation which included some coal mine strikes and calls for widespread protest stoppages. Prices reacted and advanced in modest dealings with mixed changes of fractions to one point with losses predominating. Light pressure particularly unsettled leading industrials, utilities and specialities. The averages were industrials 176.97 and rails 46.61. Pressure increased at times in the afternoon against leading industrials and this unsettled most of the other divisions. The market showed fairly well distributed losses ranging up to two points in moderate activity. Nervousness was apparent as organised labour marshalls its forces in opposition to the newly enacted labour bill. It is already reported that 190,000 miners are on strike in the Appalachian region over the labour bill, causing estimated loss of 500,000 tons of coal. Liquidation eased in late dealings but rallying efforts proved feeble and the market closed easy at or around the day's lowest levels showing losses up two points.

American Telephone and Telegraph	154-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	28
Anaconda Copper Mining	34
Chase National Bank	34-1/2
Sinclair Oil	15
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	40-3/4
General Electric Co.	35
General Motors	57-3/8
Ingersol Rand	116
International Nickel	30-1/2
National City Bank of New York	29-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16
Texas Corporation	62-1/2
Union Carbon & Carbide	104
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	45
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	66-1/8
Western Union Telegraph	19-5/8

WORLD WHEAT COUNCIL FAILS TO BREAK DEADLOCK

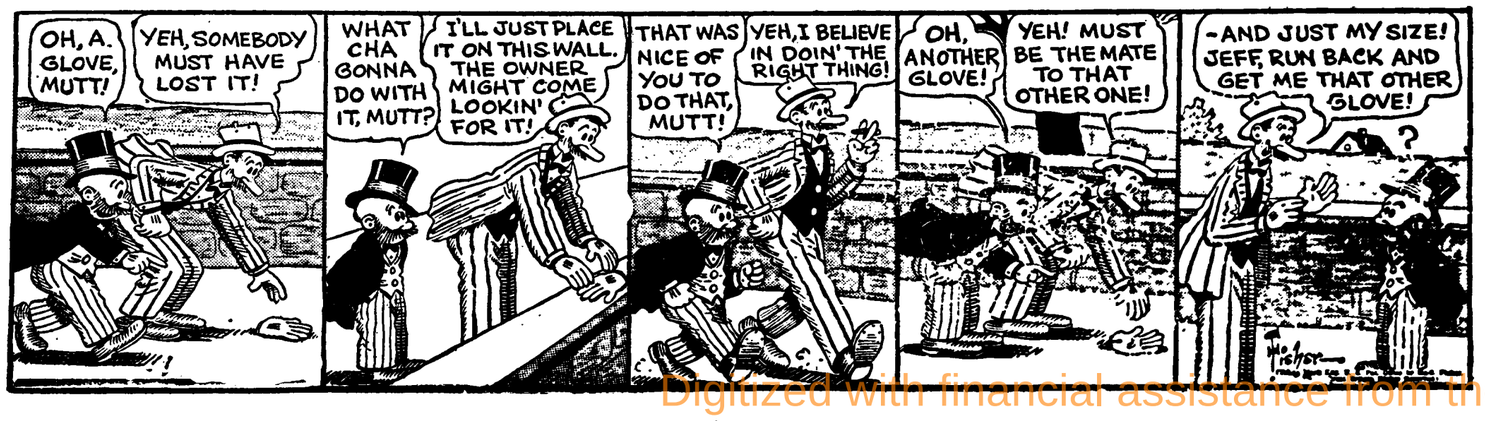
WASHINGTON, June 25 (Reuter): The International Wheat Council has failed in meetings here to break the deadlock in negotiations for an International commodity agreement on wheat that developed during the London Conference in April.

Reporting that Council members "stood pat" on the positions they took at the London Council meeting an announcement said:

"There remains at this time lack of unanimity on such points as the duration of the proposed agreement and the range of prices."

Apparently excluding all possibility of reaching an agreement this year, the Council directed its Chairman to "keep in touch" with member Governments and, if necessary to call another meeting between September and November to consider what action might be taken in 1948

MUTT AND JEFF—At Least Mutt Is Not A One-Hand Driver—Eh What? By BUD FISHER



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Tues., Thurs., Sat.		Mon., Wed., Fri
06.45 Dep	BOMBAY	Arr. 12.30
11.15 Dep.	GWALIOR	Dep. 08.30
12.30 Arr.	DELHI	Dep. 06.45

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Chairman: G. D. Birla

Subscribed Capital Rs. 4 Crores

Paid-up Capital Rs. 2 Crores

Reserve Fund Rs. 38 Lakhs

General Manager: B. T. THAKUR

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Regional Manager: O. H. GREEWALA.

Fort Office Phone Nos: 34842 & 27174.

U-21

THE VANGUARD FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

VANGUARDS RATES OF PREMIUM MOTOR INSURANCE ACT LIABILITY

PRIVATE CARS

Horse power not exceeding	10	20	over 76
Basic premium .. Rs.	40	56	
Add for Legal liability to paid driver under W. C Act ..	10	10	10
Total Rs. ..	50	66	86

TAXIS

Basic Premium .. Rs.	65	0	0
Add for legal liability to paid driver and cleaner under Workmen's Act ..	20	0	0
Add for cover to passengers at Rs. 3-8-0 per passenger (If the seating capacity is four) .	14	0	0
Total Rs. ..	99	0	0

NO CLAIM BONUS UP TO 33-1/3%

PERSONAL ACCIDENT BENEFITS TO THE EXTENT OF RS. 10,000/-

FREE FOR EVERY POLICY HOLDER

WANTED AGENTS ORGANISERS & CHIEF AGENTS

For further particulars please apply to:— 72, Bell Building, (Phone 21961), Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road Fort, Bombay.

S. KRISHNAMOORTHY Branch Manager. H. D. RAJAH. General Manager

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted South Indian Brahmin Bride, any sect, fair, educated for well settled Graduate, Dowry no consideration. Apply Box No. 6300, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an Accountant for the Calcutta Branch of a Scheduled Bank on a starting salary Rs 500 in the grade of Rs. 500-50-750 Higher starting salary may be allowed to deserving candidates. Ten years Banking experience with knowledge of Foreign Exchange, essential. Apply Box No. 4161 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a fast, and accurate Typist. Salary according to qualification as to speed, accuracy, and expereince. Apply stating experience Box No. 6319, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately for Sir C. J. R. High School, Gandevi (via Bilimora), Graduates, preferably S.T.C.'s and B.T.'s to teach English, Sanskrit, History and Gujarati in higher classes. Scale Rs. 60-10/2-140, plus Rs. 20 Dearness Allowance. Permanent posts and Benefit of Prov. Fund. Higher start in the Scale is allowed to able and experienced hands. Apply sharp to President, Local Committee. 4162

High School Marathi-speaking Teachers wanted: Science and Math.; Drawing; Physical Education. Salaries comparable government scale. Get application before June 30th to Manager, Rural High School, Puntamba, Ahmednagar District. 6297

Applications are invited for the post of a Research Officers for the Delhi Cloth Mills Textile Research Laboratory. Applicants must have a first class L.T.M. or equivalent diploma with a minimum of 3 years experience in the Spinning Department of a Cotton Mill Pay Rs. 300/- per month with usual D.A. which is 17½% at present. The post is permanent and pensionable. Applications must reach the Managing Directors, Delhi Cloth and General Mills Co., Ltd., Delhi, on or before 15th July '47. 4137

Applications are invited for the post of a Reeling Supervisor, on Rs. 200/- per month with usual D.A. which is 17½% at present. Candidates must have a Textile diploma with experience of supervising a Reeling, Bundling and Baling Department of a Cotton Mill. The post is permanent and pensionable. Applications must reach the Managing Directors, Delhi Cloth and General Mills Co. Ltd., Delhi, on or before the 15th July, '47. 4137A

Ambitious Men Are Required To train for excellent positions in all branches of Engineering, or Government Service. Must be prepared to study at home in spare time for some months. Apply at once, stating age, education, experience if any, and branch or profession preferred to B.I.E.T., Department 32, British Institute House, Bombay. (3808)

SOCIAL

Make Friends:—For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional, Social and such other connections. Particulars from:—The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (6099)

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Two Students require a room in suburbs. Six months or more rent in advance. Write Box No. 6317, "Bombay Chonicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Why To Loose Golden Chance— Hundreds of Industries taught by post with simple, valued and practised formulas to earn a lot by small investments. Ask for particulars: Continental Trading Co., 36-Beeru Well, Meerut, (U.P.). (6288)

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for June Session just commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers (C.A.I. I.B.), Company Secretaries (F.C. C.S.), Accountants (R.A., A.A.I.A.) and General Commerce (L.C.C. & D. Com. I.M.C.) etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 6320

MEDICAL ADLETS

Free—God's Gift Medicine for Piles. V. P. Charges annas -/10/- only. Please write in English. Menaka Debi, 19, Surendra Nath Banerji Road, Calcutta. 6311

YOGA

Yoga Mahavidyalaya—the Yoga University 'General Health' Class, Rupees Ten monthly. Purshotam Bldg. opp. Royal Opera House. New Queen's Road: Phone: 24064. (6316)

BUSINESS OFFERS

An inventor bachelor, wishing to get The World Patents of many kinds in trades and business, Deshasth Rigvedi Deccani Brahmin of 33 years. Competent and studied, writer both in science and literature. Only capable but of the same community should write fully to Box No. 6321, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted District Organisers to push the sale of the remaining unsold shares of the Peninsular Chemical Industries Ltd. on both pay and commission. The medicines of the Company are already in the Market. Apply to Mg. Agents, 115, Canning Street, Calcutta. 6244

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE TATA MILLS, LIMITED.

LOST OR MISPLACED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificates for 10 Old Ordinary Shares Nos. 9343/52 of the face value of Rs. 25 each of the Tata Mills Ltd. standing in my name have been lost or misplaced and cannot be traced.

Any person claiming any interest in the said shares must notify the same to the above Company at its Registered Office, "Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay", or to the undersigned, within 14 days hereof as application for the duplicate share certificates has been made by me to the Company.

(Sd.) JADAV GOKALDAS PAREKH

Address:
Lalgir Mansion
Harvey Rd., Bombay 7.

Dated 26th June, 1947.

6313

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE LOCAL HEAD OFFICE and CITY BRANCHES of the Bank will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, the 1st July, 1947, as the Government of Bombay has declared that day a Public Holiday in the City of Bombay under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, to enable Banks to make up their half-yearly accounts.

J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 21st June, 1947.

4157

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS.

IN MODIFICATION of the notice to property owners so far as it relates to the rate of Fire Tax included in the General Tax, which was published in the local newspapers on 1-4-1947, it is hereby notified that the Corporation have under their Resolution No. 234, dated 12-5-1947, increased the levy of Fire Tax from ½% to ¾ per centum of the Rateable Value of buildings and lands, under Section 140(c) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, with effect from 1-10-1947. The rate of General Tax will, therefore, be 14¾% (including ¾% Fire Tax) instead of 14½% (including ½% Fire Tax) from the aforesaid date.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

Bombay, 26th June, 1947.

(4163)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from graduates, preferably Hons. graduates, for admission to the Basic Training College for Graduates to be opened at Belgaum from the current academic year. Graduates from S.N.D.T. Indian Women's University the Gujarat Vidyapith, and Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapith will be eligible for admission. The duration of the course will be one academic year and candidates who pass the examination to be held at the end of the course will be considered on par with B.Ts. in Government service in respect of pay, prospects etc. Selected candidates will receive a stipend of Rs. 40/- p. m. while under training, and will have to enter into an agreement with the Department to serve for at least 5 years after successful completion of the course. Applications should be enclosed in registered covers, and should reach the Principal, Secondary Training College, Belgaum, not later than 5th July, 1947. Candidates if employed should send in their applications through their employers. Persons already in Government service may also apply for admission.

D. C. PAWATE,
Director of Public Instruction.

Poona, 18th June 1947.

(4079)

FINANCIAL & PARTNERSHIP

Wanted a Partner for floating a Film Company with an experienced man. Apply Box No. 6314, "Bombay Chronicle."

REPRESENTATIONS

Wanted Representative on Rs. 100 to give confidential reports regarding clients in spare time. Only financially sound persons need apply to Citizen Credit Syndicate Ltd., Versowa Beach, Andheri, Bombay. 6295

MACHINERY FOR SALE

12"x7", 16"x9" and 13"x8" Portable Stone Crushing plants 5/3½, 7/5 and 10/7 portable concrete mixers, 9 cu. ft. capacity cold asphalt mixing plants, petrol operated Rock Drills and Road Breakers available ex-stock. Book your orders, right now, to avoid disappointment phone (42071) or write to Garlick & Co., Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (4154)

For Sale 3 (three) ton Avery weighing machine in good order at Pusad (Berar). Apply Nathmal Kunjilal, Shahapur (Belgaum). 6308

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Mango Jam, Egg Powder and Kraft Cheese 4½ oz. tin seven Annas only. Limited stock sold in retail. Laxmi General Stores, opp. D'Silva School, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar. 6298

Available ex-Stock American Elec-tric Gramophones from Rs 180/-. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors. Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

DISPOSALS

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER invites Tenders for the purchase and removal of:

Description	Quantity.	Location.	Condition.
1. Industrial Tractor Engine No. 9NDN 83496 Regd. No. BMT 6051 G.E. 1.	1 No.	Messrs. Ford Motor Co., India, Ltd., BOMBAY.	Serviceable.
2. Industrial Tractor Engine No. 9BNB83477 Regd. No. BMT 6050 G E 2.	1 No.	-do-	-do-
3. Frequency Changer set complete GE 3.	1 No.	-do-	-do-
4. Frame Assembly Line (dead line) G E 28.	1 No.	-do-	-do-
5. Axle Assembly stand G E 29, 30, 31 & 32.	4 Nos.	-do-	-do-
6. Main Assembly line G E 33.	1 No.	-do-	-do-
7. Truck for Engine line G E 66, 67, 68, 69, 70 & 71.	6 Nos.	-do-	-do-
8. Body Assembly Line G E 72.	1 No.	-do-	-do-

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: RCS 45024 TNV-6.
LAST DATE DUE: By 4 P M. on 17-7-1947.

Tender forms along with detailed list of stores can be obtained from this Office on payment of Rs. 5/- per set (not refundable).

Offers should be sent on tender forms enclosed in double covers, the inner to be sealed and superscribed with the above reference number and should remain open for acceptance for 30 days from the date, the tender is due.

EARNEST MONEY (Refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve, Imperial Bank of India, or Government Treasury under Head of Account. Revenue Deposits in favour of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Southern Circle, Bombay, Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury Bank receipts will be ignored. CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the above stores. Sale will be subject to conditions of contract 117.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS,
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

(4158)

ANNUAL STOCK-TAKING

OUR ESTABLISHMENT will be CLOSED on the 26th, 27th and 28th Instant on account of Annual-Stock-taking. The Dispensing Department will remain open as usual.

POWELLS LIMITED,
Girgaon, Bombay 4.

4160

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JRISDICTION

I. C. NO. 53 OF 1947.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913.

and

In the matter of DEVKARAN NANJEE INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED, and reduced.

DEVKARAN NANJEE INVESTMENT COMPANY, Limited, and reduced, a public Company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, having its Registered Office at Devkaran Nanjee Buildings, Elphinstone Circle, within the Fort of Bombay. ... Petitioner

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for confirming a resolution reducing the capital of the abovenamed Company from Rs. 2,00,00,000 to Rs. 1,25,00,000 was on the 20th day of June, 1947 presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee and is now pending and the hearing of the said Petition is fixed for the 4th day of July, 1947 when any creditor or shareholder who desires to object may appear.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1947.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Attorneys for the Petitioner.

4164

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PURSHOTTAM MADHAVJI of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, sale, gift, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground, situate, lying and being on the South side of Boat Club Road in the village of Poona City in the Haveli Taluka in the District of Poona and in the Registration Sub-District of Haveli containing by admeasurement 8942 square yards or thereabout, and bearing Survey No. 354 (part) and forming part of a larger piece of land admeasuring 27662 square yards or thereabouts formerly bearing Survey No. 127, sub-number 1 (part) and Sub-number 2 (part) and Survey No. 128 sub-number 1 (part) and sub-number 3 (part) and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the West by property bearing Survey No. 352 belonging to Chaturbhuj Gordhandas on or towards the East by property belonging to Mr. Donald G. Hill, on or towards the North by Boat Club Road and on or towards the South by property bearing Survey Nos. 354 and 355 (part) belonging to A. G. Moloobhoy.

JOSHI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Dated this 25th day of June, 1947.

(4165)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that the Kamani Engineering Corporation Limited have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim interest or demand howsoever against in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale exchange gift, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, trusts, easements, share possession or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which, the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim interest or demand howsoever and the same, if any, shall be deemed and treated as having been waived or abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All those pieces or parcels of Khoti land or ground, lying and being at Kurla in Greater Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and bearing the following numbers:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area Acres.	Gunthas.
40	1	0	9½
40	3	0	6¼
41	3	0	13½
41	4,2	0	3
Total		0	32¼

Gunthas or 3931 Sq. Yards.

Dated this 25th day of June, 1947.

MOHILE & PAREKH,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(4166)

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOT OF BARRELS.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposal Commissioner, Bombay, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will TODAY, (Thursday), 26th inst at 10 A. M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at P.O.L. Depot, Haji Bunder:—About 6634 Barrels 44 I.G., 876 Barrels 34 I.G., 2685 Barrels 2, 4, 5 & 20 gallons, 9596 Jerri Cans 4 1/2 gals. Terms: 25% cash deposit. Balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days, otherwise goods and money will be forfeited.

AUCTION SALE OF ANAND BHUWAN THEATRE at Ahmedabad advertised to take place today has been CANCELLED as the property is sold by private treaty.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE of High Class Modern Furniture, Radiogram including one Chesterfield Sofa Set, Centre Table, Glass top Dining table and dining chairs, modern office table, modern beds with box mattresses, glassdoor cupboard One "Cossor" Radiogram etc, on SATURDAY, 28th Inst. at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Court Receiver High Court, Bombay, as Receiver appointed in Suit No. 106 of 1946. Terms: Full cash against delivery.

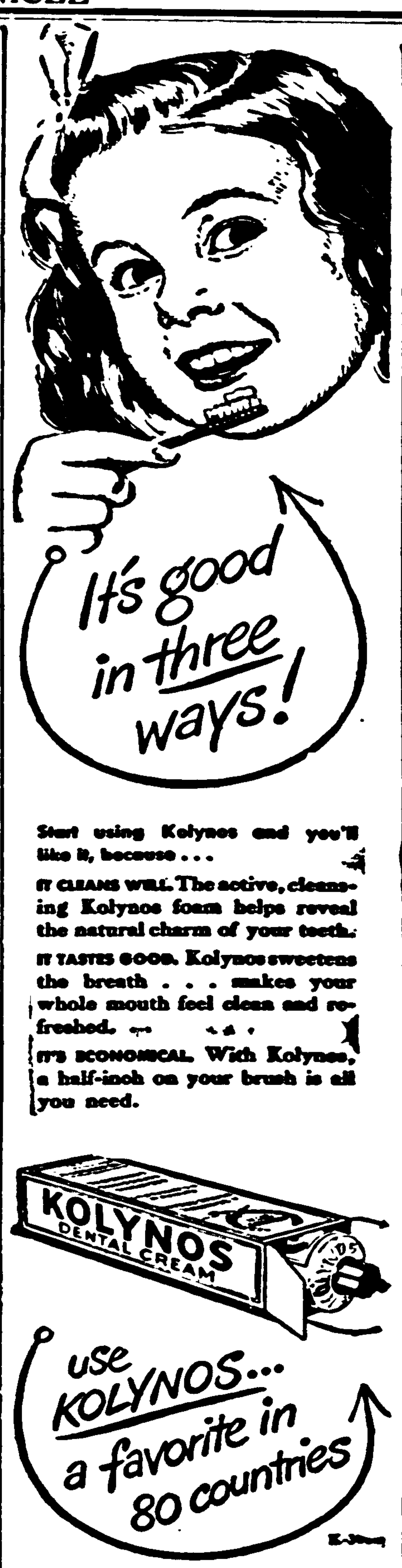
GANDHI & CO.

TO PRIVATE BUYERS AND DEALERS:

A consignment of 166 Benarese net Sarees, Benarese crepe Surti tissue and Benarese tissue Sarees will be disposed of by Public Auction on Thursday 26th June 1947 at 3 P.M. by the undersigned at their sale room 123, Medows Street.

On view from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. and from 3 p.m. to 5-30 P.M.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.



FLY

AMBICA AIR LINES

BOMBAY—BARODA—AHMEDABAD

TUESDAY & FRIDAY
Return
WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY

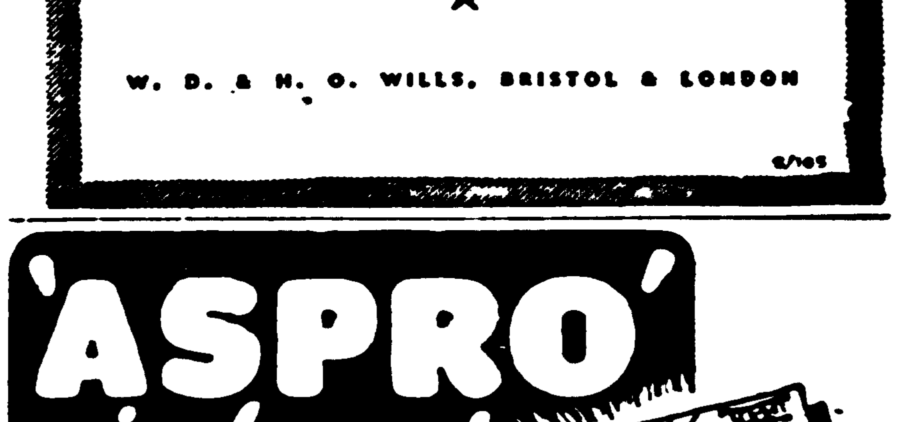
BOMBAY—RAJKOT MORVI

MONDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY

CITY BOOKING OFFICE:
N. M Wadia Building, Bell Lane Fort Bombay

Phone: 34863

Juhu Aerodrome. 86358.



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